

# Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

2002 Otter, E.  
Phase II Archaeological Study at Griffith Farm (18HO249), Howard County, Maryland.  
Submitted to the Howard Research and Development Corporation  
Library ID No: 97001483      Catalog/Shelving ID: HO 94

## Research Firm/Institution:

Edward Otter - Archaeologist  
1704 Camden Ave.  
Salisbury, MD 21801

## Sites examined:

18HO249

NRHP Eligible:  N

[Justification](#)

## Project Details:

	Project Justification:	Project Objectives:
Phase I		
Phase II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	This report describes Phase II testing at the Griffith Farm (18HO249) conducted in 2002 when a previous Phase I survey of the property identified potentially significant archeological deposits in the vicinity of a planned industrial park. Phase II work was carried out as part of the process of complying with the requirements of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended. The process was initiated when the developer of the property, Howard Research and Development Corporation, applied for a federal wetland permit.	-Assess the integrity of the site.
Phase III		-Determine the extent of intact subsurface deposits.

## Research Potential:

In spite of the findings of features and artifacts, no midden deposits or other sources of artifacts with good context were identified at 18HO249. In fact, Phase II testing revealed extensive disturbance throughout most of the site from past agricultural, demolition, and grading activities. Based on these findings, it was determined that the site had little potential to yield information beyond what had already been learned during Phase II work. The wetland permit was issued and the site is likely no longer extant.

---