

# Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

1994 Archibald, L., R. Hoffamn, and B. Zebooker  
 Phase I Cultural Resources Survey Performed in Association with a Proposed Coal Fired Power Plant on the Handley-Otto-Marousek Tract Located in Dorchester County, Maryland.  
 Submitted to Delmarva Power & Light Co.

Research Firm/Institution:

MAAR Associates, Inc.  
 9 Liberty Plaza  
 Newark, DE 19711

Library ID No: 00000209      Catalog/Shelving ID: DO 38

## Sites examined:

18DO192	18DO198	18DO201	18DO202	18DO203
NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y
<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>

## Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> X	<b>Project Justification:</b>
Phase II		The initial Phase I survey was carried out in the summer of 1993 for the Delmarva Power & Light Company ahead of proposed construction of a new coal fired power plant and associated structures and rights-of-way scheduled for start-up in the year 2000.
Phase III		

<b>Project Objectives:</b>
-Locate and identify all the cultural resources that had the potential of being either directly and/or indirectly affected by the proposed construction of a coal fired power plant.
-Obtain horizontal boundaries for located cultural resources.
-Identify likely activity areas within the boundaries of located resources.
-Make an assessment of the integrity of a resource and of "research potential" or "significance".

## Research Potential:

- See below for remaining research questions at 18DO192.
- See below for remaining research questions at 18DO198.
- See below for remaining research questions at 18DO201.
- See below for remaining research questions at 18DO202.
- See below for remaining research questions at 18DO203.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

1994 Archibald, L., R. Hoffman, and B. Zebooker  
 Phase II Cultural Resource Evaluation Surveys of Several Archeological and Historical Sites, Performed in Association with a Proposed Power Plant, to be Located Near the Town of Vienna, in Dorchester County, Maryland.  
 Submitted to Delmarva Power & Light Co.

Research Firm/Institution:

MAAR Associates, Inc.  
 9 Liberty Plaza  
 Newark, DE 19711

Library ID No: 00000392      Catalog/Shelving ID: DO 37

## Sites examined:

18DO192	18DO198	18DO201	18DO202	18DO203
NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/> N	NRHP Eligible: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y
<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>

## Project Details:

Phase I		<b>Project Justification:</b>
Phase II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> X	The initial Phase I survey was carried out in the summer of 1993 ahead of proposed construction of a new coal fired power plant and associated structures and rights-of-way scheduled for start-up in the year 2000. Phase II work was conducted to determine the impact on sites identified during the Phase I work.
Phase III		

<b>Project Objectives:</b>
-Establish horizontal and vertical boundaries for the site.
-Obtain further information on the specific activities associated with particular components of the site.
-Assess the integrity of the deposits.
-Assess the recovered data in terms of future research potential and archeological significance.

#### Research Potential:

The Handley I Site (18DO192) lacks appreciable research potential and has been severely compromised in terms of physical integrity. Testing of the site indicated that some of the elements of the site associated with the "farm" component (Locus B, to the west) do possess integrity; however, the "domestic" component (Locus A, to the east) has been severely compromised, and that the 19th century deposits have been irretrievably mixed with 20th century cultural materials. Demolition activities which took place after 1950 have likely damaged the subsurface integrity of structural features associated with the residence. The site is also quite late and represents a type of resource which is relatively common in eastern Dorchester County and 18DO192 does not represent a significant cultural resource.

The Handley III Site (18DO198) contained deposits, including those in plowzone levels of the site and those in features, all exhibiting a significant degree of integrity, with a minimum intrusion in terms of modern artifacts. Features were distinct and did not contain any post-AD 1840 material. There are very likely to be more intact features at the site. The few prehistoric items which were recovered over the whole of the site area tend to support transient multiple occupations representing specialized procurement camps. 18DO198 has the potential for providing information on the character of early plantations on the Delmarva Peninsula and may also provide insight into the resource procurement practices of Woodland populations.

The Handley V Site (18DO201), which represents the archeological remains of an early 18th to mid-19th century farmstead, lacks appreciable research potential and has been severely compromised in terms of physical integrity. The nature of the few cultural features encountered at the site suggests that the site is seriously deflated as a result of erosion, and that the archeological deposits lack integrity. The failure of the testing to locate any evidence for structural remains indicates that the deflation has been severe, and/or that the structure(s), which was indicated by the concentration of architectural debris, was very impermanent and shallow. Site 18DO201 does not represent a significant cultural resource.

The Handley VI Site (18DO202) represents a series of either a base camp or short-term procurement camp occupations dating to the Early Woodland and Late Woodland periods. The absence of features suggests that the site is deflated and that the archeological deposits comprising the site are contained entirely in the plowzone levels of the site. The general absence of significant patterning, as well as the absence of discrete cultural components and/or activity areas, suggests an overall lack of integrity and research potential.

The Handley VII Site (18DO203) represents the archeological remains of a 19th tenant farm. It also has a small prehistoric component, with the Early Woodland period represented. The historic archeological deposits comprising the site possess a high degree of integrity. The features do not contain intrusive modern materials and appear to have been filled in either during the occupation of the site or immediately after it was abandoned. 18DO203 appears to offer opportunities for the recovery of significant data related to tenant dwellings on the Delmarva Peninsula in the 19th century.

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