

Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1992 Hoffman, R.F. and K. Baumgardt
A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey of a Thirty-five Acre Project Area, YMCA of Cecil County, Cecil County, Maryland.
Submitted to Corridor Land Services, Inc.

Research Firm/Institution:

MAAR Associates, Inc.
P.O. Box 655
Newark, DE 19711

Library ID No: 00005738 Catalog/Shelving ID: CE 31

Sites examined:

18CE287 18CE288

NRHP Eligible: N

[Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification:
Phase II	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sites 18CE287 and 18CE288 were first recorded in 1992 during the Phase I reconnaissance of the YMCA project area. The YMCA was planning to build new facilities on a 14.16 ha (35 ac) tract, including administrative offices and facilities, near Elkton, Maryland.
Phase III	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Project Objectives:
-Identify all cultural resources within the project area
-Determine potential effects of the proposed construction on the Kieffer House, MIHP #CE-133

Research Potential:

See below for remaining research questions at 18CE287.

The Kieffer Farmstead Site (18CE288) is a late 18th century farmstead that consists of two standing structures, an 18th or 19th century bank barn that is located on a lower terrace and an 18th century dwelling that is located on the upper terrace. The YMCA has built their facility on the 14 hectare tract. The barn, which is located on the YMCA's property, is still standing and the house, which is adjacent to the east side of the YMCA's property, is occupied. The bank barn lacks integrity, owing to the fact that the fabric of the structure has been substantially altered and compromised by 20th century additions and reconstructions. The dwelling was determined to be ineligible for nomination to the National Register because the original 18th century portion has been compromised by substantial renovations.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1993 Hoffman, R.F.
A Phase II Archaeological Evaluation Survey of the Kieffer Prehistoric Site (18CE287)
Located Near Elkton in Cecil County, Maryland.
Submitted to Corridor Land Services, Inc.

Research Firm/Institution:

MAAR Associates, Inc.
P.O. Box 655
Newark, DE 19711

Library ID No: 00005741 Catalog/Shelving ID: CE 34

Sites examined:

18CE287

NRHP Eligible: N

[Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification:
Phase II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sites 18CE287 and 18CE288 were first recorded in 1992 during the Phase I reconnaissance of the YMCA project area. The YMCA was planning to build new facilities on a 14.16 ha (35 ac) tract, including administrative offices and facilities, near Elkton, Maryland. Additional archeological testing was recommended for site 18CE287 based on the Phase I findings and work was carried out in the summer of 1993.
Phase III	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Project Objectives:
-Determine the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the site
-Assess the integrity of the archeological deposits
-Determine site functionality if possible
-Assess the site's eligibility for listing on the National Register of Historic Places

Research Potential:

The Kieffer Prehistoric Site (18CE287) is a multicomponent site with Middle to Late Archaic through Late Woodland period base camp occupations, and a 19th and 20th century historic field scatter. While several diagnostic point types were identified at the site, the archeological deposits are entirely contained within a disturbed plowzone. Testing also did not indicate the presence of features or other types of undisturbed archeological deposits associated with the prehistoric component of the site. The few historic features encountered do not support any significant in situ historic activity in the immediate site area. It was concluded that neither the prehistoric nor the historic components of the site have research potential beyond what was addressed during the Phase I and II investigations. The site was determined not eligible for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places.
