

# Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

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## REPORT INFORMATION:

1996 Read, E.D.  
Interim Report of the Phase III Archaeological Mitigation at the Site of the Johns Hopkins Comprehensive Cancer Care Center, Hampstead Hill (18BC111).  
Submitted to Facilities Dept. - Johns Hopkins Health Care Systems, Inc.

Library ID No: 18BC111 SF Catalog/Shelving ID: Site Files

## Research Firm/Institution:

Baltimore Center for Urban Archaeology  
33 South Front Street  
Baltimore, Maryland

## Sites examined:

18BC111

NRHP Eligible:

[Justification](#)

## Project Details:

Phase I

### Project Justification:

Phase II

Phase III

This interim report contains a summary of the Phase III archaeological excavation and analysis completed to date at the site of the new Johns Hopkins Comprehensive Cancer Care Center. This site is on the campus of the Johns Hopkins Health Care System (JHHCS) on the corner of Broadway and Orleans Street in East Baltimore. Because construction of the new cancer center involved state bond monies, the project area was reviewed for the existence of cultural resources by the Maryland Historical Trust pursuant to the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 83B, subsections 5-617 and 5-618, and Phase I investigations were deemed warranted. Before its selection as the location of the new cancer center, this site was used as a residential neighborhood (circa 1860-1959) and then as a parking lot (1961-1995). However, the site had an even earlier use as two separate, but contemporaneous burial grounds. One belonged to Christ Church Episcopalian Church and the other belonged to Baltimore City. Between June and August 1995, Phase I and II archeological testing in the parking lot revealed human remains associated with both cemeteries, as well as the remains of 19th and 20th century rowhouses and their yards. Phase III excavation was initiated in September 1995 and continued until July of 1996.

### Project Objectives:

-Respectfully remove burials from the two cemeteries at 18BC111 and mitigate the impacts of construction of the cancer center.

## Research Potential:

Site 18BC111 was clearly a significant archeological resource. Unfortunately, the circumstance of excavation did not present an ideal environment for proper documentation of the site. The collapse of the BCUA occurred simultaneous to the very complex and sensitive excavation of this site. The extant collections, field notes, and incomplete analyses associated with the site (which were ultimately provided to the Maryland Historical Society) are the best avenue for future research. The site itself has now been largely destroyed.