

Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1994 Bodor, T.W., et. al.
 Cultural Resource Survey at the United States Naval Academy in Annapolis, Maryland.
 Submitted to the US Naval Facilities Engineering Command - Chesapeake Division
 Library ID No: 00000157 Catalog/Shelving ID: AP 55

Research Firm/Institution:

Archaeology in Annapolis
 1111 Woods Hall
 College Park, MD 20742-7415

Sites examined:

18AP81 18AP82 18AP83
 NRHP Eligible: NRHP Eligible: NRHP Eligible:
[Justification](#) [Justification](#) [Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification:
Phase II		This report presents the results of a multifaceted cultural resource survey project performed on the grounds of the United States Naval Academy (USNA) in Annapolis, Maryland. The main objective of the project was to provide the Navy with information about what types of cultural resources exist for the area now occupied by the USNA. The Department of Defense (obviously publically funded) stipulated that inventories of such resources be undertaken on DOD properties.
Phase III		

Project Objectives:
-Determine if archeological remains are situated on the USNA grounds and locate them.
-Determine if intact archeological remains still exist in any of the identified areas, given the high level of disturbance of the ground at the USNA.
-Determine if any remains exist which may be associated with earlier phases of the Academy, portions of the city and settlement that pre-date the Academy, prehistoric settlements, or other poorly understood/represented historical communities and periods.
-Determine if digitization of historic maps, analysis of oral histories, and research in local archives can be used to generate predictive models of where additional archeological resources may be located.

Research Potential:

See below for remaining research questions at 18AP81.
 See below for remaining research questions at 18AP82.
 See below for remaining research questions at 18AP83.

REPORT INFORMATION:

2000 Seidel, J.L., M.R. Williams, and E. Rupp
 Intensive Level Reconnaissance at the United States Naval Academy: The Main Campus, NSWC Annapolis Housing, USNA North Severn, and the Naval Academy Dairy Farm, Annapolis and Anne Arundel County, Maryland.
 Submitted to Engineering Field Activity - Chesapeake
 Library ID No: 00005060 Catalog/Shelving ID: AP 73

Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.
 241 East Fourth Street, Suite 100
 Frederick, MD 21701

Sites examined:

18AP83
 NRHP Eligible:
[Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification:
Phase II		This report presents the results of an Intensive Level Archeological Reconnaissance of four properties that belong to the United States Naval Academy (USNA). The study was undertaken to aid in a review and updating of the Naval Academy's inventory of cultural resources and to assist in the preparation of the Naval Academy's Integrated Cultural Resources Management Plan (CRMP). All work was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (as amended, the National
Phase III		

Project Objectives:
-Make and initial assessment of each tract's potential for archeological resources.
-Make an evaluation of the extent to which these resources may be intact or disturbed.

Research Potential:

See below for remaining research questions at 18AP83.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1998 Sheehan, N. and M.R. Williams
Archeological Investigations Related to the Replacement of HTW Piping (Contract N62477-94-D-0641), including Sites 18AP81 and 18AP82, United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland.
Submitted to RMF Engineering, Inc.

Library ID No: 00007025 Catalog/Shelving ID: AP 77

Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.
241 E. Fourth Street, Suite 100
Frederick, MD 21701

Sites examined:

18AP81 18AP82
NRHP Eligible: NRHP Eligible:
[Justification](#) [Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification: This report presents the results of Phase I archeological investigations, Phase II site evaluation, and Phase III mitigation studies related to the replacement of high temperature water (HTW) and potable water piping, and construction of new chilled water lines in and around the Ellipse at the United State Naval Academy in Annapolis, MD. These investigations were designed to comply with the Statement of Architectural-Engineering Services for the project, as well as Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and with applicable Federal and US Navy regulations.
Phase II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Phase III	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

MAC Accession: 2006.024.

Project Objectives: -Determine if intact cultural deposits (particularly related to earlier Naval Academy buildings) have survived subsequent landscape modification and construction activities related to the current Academy. -Document the archeological resources and evaluate their potential significance by applying the NRHP criteria. -Mitigate the adverse effects on identified resources through documentation of features and deposits that will be impacted by the construction of the water lines along Buchanan Road.
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Research Potential:

The research potential of Site 18AP81 is high, based on its ability to provide valuable information concerning the landscape and physical plant of the 19th century Naval Academy. However, the integrity of the resources had been compromised by changes in the surrounding landscape, through demolition, filling, construction of utilities, and other modifications. The structural features (remnant walls and cellar floors) represented the demolished Mess Hall/Seamanship Building. The presence of intact landscape features in front of and behind the building indicated that some degree of integrity existed for 19th century features. Site 18AP281 was determined eligible for listing on the NRHP based on the degree of integrity and research potential. It should be considered a significant archeological resource and additional work should be carried out if the site is threatened by future improvements.

The presence of intact surfaces and features dating to pre-Naval Academy domestic and Army-related activities, as well as to early Naval Academy activities, just under the existing road surface at 18AP82 suggested that other cultural resources may remain intact at this shallow depth. These resources had been impacted primarily by the installation of utility lines, which seem to follow the existing roads. The potential for the presence of archeological resources at shallow depths in this portion of the Naval Academy should be kept in mind when any further ground-disturbing work is done. Site 18AP82 should continue to be considered a significant archeological resource.

REPORT INFORMATION:

1999 Sheehan, N.B., M.R. Williams, and E.E. Breen
Phase I-III Archeological Investigations for the Chilled Water Line Upgrade (P-165), Including Site 18AP83, U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland.
Submitted to Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.

Library ID No: 97000175 Catalog/Shelving ID: AP 81

Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.
241 E. Fourth Street, Suite 100
Frederick, MD 21701

Sites examined:

18AP83
NRHP Eligible:
[Justification](#)

Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification: This report presents the results of Phase I archeological investigations, Phase II site evaluation, and Phase III mitigation studies related to the chilled water line replacement project at the United States Naval Academy in Annapolis, Maryland, including Site 18AP83. These investigations were designed to comply with the Statement of Architectural-Engineering Services for the project, as well as Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and applicable federal and Naval regulations.
Phase II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Phase III	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

MAC Accession: 2006.025.001

Project Objectives: -Determine if intact cultural deposits have survived landscape modification and construction activities related to the current Academy physical plant. -Document the archeological resources and evaluate their potential significance by applying the NRHP criteria. -Determine the material and method of construction of the dwelling at 18AP83 and its dependencies. -Assess how the footprint and layout of the property changed as it was transformed from a high-status domestic site to offices and the library of the Naval Academy. -Conduct spatial analysis to determine activities performed at the site based on the presence, type, and content of soil features. -Analyze artifacts for socio-economic status, foodways, and refuse disposal patterns.

Research Potential:

The local and regional significance of Site 18AP83 lies in its potential to provide valuable information concerning late 18th and early 19th century activity within a high-status domestic setting. These features within this site retained sufficient integrity and research potential to provide valuable information concerning daily life at a high status, domestic site in the late 18th to early 19th century. This site should still be considered a significant archeological resource and subject to additional mitigation if other portions of the site should someday be threatened.
