



# Phase II and Phase III Archaeological Database and Inventory

Site Number: 18QU972

Site Name: Gibson's Grant 5

Prehistoric

Other name(s)

Historic

Unknown

Brief Description:

early 20th century artifact scatter

## Site Location and Environmental Data:

Maryland Archaeological Research Unit No. 5

SCS soil & sediment code

Latitude 38.9847

Longitude -76.2699

Physiographic province Eastern Shore Coastal P

Terrestrial site

Underwater site

Elevation 5 m

Site slope

Ethnobotany profile available

Maritime site

Site setting

-Site Setting restricted

-Lat/Long accurate to within 1 sq. mile, user may need to make slight adjustments in mapping to account for sites near state/county lines or streams

### Topography

- Floodplain
- Hilltop/bluff
- Interior flat
- Upland flat
- Ridgetop
- Terrace
- Low terrace
- High terrace
- Rockshelter/cave
- Hillslope
- Unknown
- Other

### Ownership

- Private
- Federal
- State of MD
- Regional/county/city
- Unknown

### Nearest Surface Water

Name (if any) Chester River

#### Saltwater

Ocean

Estuary/tidal river

Tidewater/marsh

Spring

#### Freshwater

Stream/river

Swamp

Lake or pond

Spring

Minimum distance to water is 183 m

## Temporal & Ethnic Contextual Data:

Paleoindian site

Woodland site

Archaic site

MD Adena

Early archaic

Early woodland

Middle archaic

Mid. woodland

Late archaic

Late woodland

Unknown prehistoric context

Contact period site

ca. 1820 - 1860

ca. 1630 - 1675

ca. 1860 - 1900

ca. 1675 - 1720

ca. 1900 - 1930

ca. 1720 - 1780

Post 1930

ca. 1780 - 1820

Unknown historic context

Unknown context

### Ethnic Associations (historic only)

Native American

Asian American

African American

Unknown

Anglo-American

Other

Hispanic

Y

Y

Y=Confirmed, P=Possible

## Site Function Contextual Data:

### Prehistoric

- Multi-component
- Village
- Hamlet
- Base camp
- Rockshelter/cave
- Earthen mound
- Cairn
- Burial area
- Misc. ceremonial
- Rock art
- Shell midden
- STU/lithic scatter
- Quarry/extraction
- Fish weir
- Production area
- Unknown
- Other context

### Historic

Urban/Rural? Rural

#### Domestic

- Homestead
- Farmstead
- Mansion
- Plantation
- Row/townhome
- Cellar
- Privy

#### Industrial

- Mining-related
- Quarry-related
- Mill
- Black/metalsmith
- Furnace/forge
- Other

Furnace/forge

Other

#### Transportation

- Canal-related
- Road/railroad
- Wharf/landing
- Maritime-related
- Bridge
- Ford

#### Educational

#### Commercial

- Trading post
- Store
- Tavern/inn

#### Military

Battlefield

Fortification

Encampment

#### Townsite

Church/mtg house

Ch support bldg

#### Burial area

Cemetery

Sepulchre

Isolated burial

#### Bldg or foundation

Possible Structure

Post-in-ground

Frame-built

Masonry

Other structure

#### Slave related

Non-domestic agri

Recreational

Midden/dump

Artifact scatter

Spring or well

Unknown

Other context

## Interpretive Sampling Data:

### Prehistoric context samples

Soil samples taken

Flotation samples taken

Other samples taken

### Historic context samples

Soil samples taken

Flotation samples taken

Other samples taken



# Phase II and Phase III Archaeological Database and Inventory

Site Number: 18QU972

Site Name: Gibson's Grant 5

Prehistoric

Other name(s)

Historic

Unknown

Brief Description:

early 20th century artifact scatter

## Diagnostic Artifact Data:

Projectile Point Types			
Clovis	<input type="checkbox"/>	Koens-Crispin	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hardaway-Dalton	<input type="checkbox"/>	Perkiomen	<input type="checkbox"/>
Palmer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Susquehana	<input type="checkbox"/>
Kirk (notch)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Vernon	<input type="checkbox"/>
Kirk (stem)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Piscataway	<input type="checkbox"/>
Le Croy	<input type="checkbox"/>	Calvert	<input type="checkbox"/>
Morrow Mntn	<input type="checkbox"/>	Selby Bay	<input type="checkbox"/>
Guilford	<input type="checkbox"/>	Jacks Rf (notch)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Brewerton	<input type="checkbox"/>	Jacks Rf (pent)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Otter Creek	<input type="checkbox"/>	Madison/Potomac	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Levanna	<input type="checkbox"/>

### Prehistoric Sherd Types

Marcey Creek	<input type="checkbox"/>	Popes Creek	<input type="checkbox"/>	Shepard	<input type="checkbox"/>	Keyser	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dames Qtr	<input type="checkbox"/>	Coulbourn	<input type="checkbox"/>	Townsend	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yeocomico	<input type="checkbox"/>
Selden Island	<input type="checkbox"/>	Watson	<input type="checkbox"/>	Minguannan	<input type="checkbox"/>	Monongahela	<input type="checkbox"/>
Accokeek	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mockley	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sullivan Cove	<input type="checkbox"/>	Susquehannock	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wolfe Neck	<input type="checkbox"/>	Clemson Island	<input type="checkbox"/>	Shenks Ferry	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Vinette	<input type="checkbox"/>	Page	<input type="checkbox"/>	Moyaone	<input type="checkbox"/>		
				Potomac Crk	<input type="checkbox"/>		

### Historic Sherd Types

Earthenware				Ironstone		Staffordshire		Stoneware	
Astbury	<input type="checkbox"/>	Jackfield	<input type="checkbox"/>		2	Tin Glazed	<input type="checkbox"/>	English Brown	<input type="checkbox"/>
Borderware	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mn Mottled	<input type="checkbox"/>			Whiteware	1	Eng Dry-bodied	<input type="checkbox"/>
Buckley	<input type="checkbox"/>	North Devon	<input type="checkbox"/>			<b>Porcelain</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Nottingham	<input type="checkbox"/>
Creamware	<input type="checkbox"/>	Pearlware	2					Rhenish	<input type="checkbox"/>
								Wt Salt-glazed	1

All quantities exact or estimated minimal counts

## Other Artifact & Feature Types:

Prehistoric Artifacts			
Flaked stone	1	Other fired clay	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ground stone	<input type="checkbox"/>	Human remain(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Stone bowls	<input type="checkbox"/>	Modified faunal	<input type="checkbox"/>
Fire-cracked rock	<input type="checkbox"/>	Unmod faunal	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other lithics (all)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Oyster shell	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ceramics (all)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Floral material	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rimsherds	<input type="checkbox"/>	Uncommon Obj.	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Other	<input type="checkbox"/>

### Prehistoric Features

Mound(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Storage/trash pit	<input type="checkbox"/>
Midden	<input type="checkbox"/>	Burial(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Shell midden	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ossuary	<input type="checkbox"/>
Postholes/molds	<input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown	<input type="checkbox"/>
House pattern(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>
Palisade(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Hearth(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Lithic reduc area	<input type="checkbox"/>		

### Lithic Material

Jasper	<input type="checkbox"/>	Fer quartzite	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sil sandstone	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chert	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chalcedony	<input type="checkbox"/>	European flint	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rhyolite	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ironstone	<input type="checkbox"/>	Basalt	<input type="checkbox"/>
Quartz	<input type="checkbox"/>	Argilite	<input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown	<input type="checkbox"/>
Quartzite	<input type="checkbox"/>	Steatite	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Sandstone	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Dated features present at site

Historic Artifacts			
Pottery (all)	10	Tobacco related	<input type="checkbox"/>
Glass (all)	10	Activity item(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Architectural	52	Human remain(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Furniture	<input type="checkbox"/>	Faunal material	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Arms	1	Misc. kitchen	21
Clothing	<input type="checkbox"/>	Floral material	<input type="checkbox"/>
Personal items	<input type="checkbox"/>	Misc.	4
		Other	<input type="checkbox"/>

### Historic Features

Const feature	<input type="checkbox"/>	Privy/outhouse	<input type="checkbox"/>	Depression/mound	<input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown	<input type="checkbox"/>
Foundation	<input type="checkbox"/>	Well/cistern	<input type="checkbox"/>	Burial(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cellar hole/cellar	<input type="checkbox"/>	Trash pit/dump	<input type="checkbox"/>	Railroad bed	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Hearth/chimney	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sheet midden	<input type="checkbox"/>	Earthworks	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Postholes/molds	<input type="checkbox"/>	Planting feature	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mill raceway	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Paling ditch/fence	<input type="checkbox"/>	Road/walkway	<input type="checkbox"/>	Wheel pit	<input type="checkbox"/>		

All quantities exact or estimated minimal counts

## Radiocarbon Data:

Sample 1:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 2:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 3:  +/-  years BP Reliability

Sample 4:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 5:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 6:  +/-  years BP Reliability

Sample 7:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 8:  +/-  years BP Reliability  Sample 9:  +/-  years BP Reliability

Additional radiocarbon results available



# Phase II and Phase III Archaeological Database and Inventory

Site Number: 18QU972

Site Name: Gibson's Grant 5

Prehistoric

Other name(s)

Historic

Brief

Description:

early 20th century artifact scatter

Unknown

## External Samples/Data:

Collection curated at

Additional raw data may be available online

## Summary Description:

The Gibson's Grant 5 site (18QU972) is a low density mid-19th to 20th century artifact scatter that was interpreted as a domestic refuse scatter associated with an adjacent barn complex. The site is located at the north end of Kent Island, east of Stevensville, in Queen Anne's County. The site is situated on a small knoll in an agricultural field southeast of an extant barn complex. A typical soil profile for the site consists of 10 YR 4/4 sandy loam plowzone above 10 YR 5/6 sandy loam subsoil.

Archival research indicated that the colonial history of the general site location began in 1656 when 150 acres was first patented to John Gibson and Henry Stoop. The parcel was then called Stoopley-Gibson. An additional 250 acres were added to the tract in 1657, and in 1658, 125 acres were sold to Andrew Elinor. The chain of title is unclear between 1674 and 1730 but in 1732 Francis Bright purchased Stoopley-Gibson. By 1798, Bright's household and property (then 176 acres) included 2 free blacks and 11 slaves, a house, a barn, and a corn house. The primary feature of the property is the 18th century manor house called White's Heritage (MIHP # QU-222). The dwelling was most likely built by Bright between 1760 and 1780. The Bright family maintained ownership of the property until 1865. In 1868, Marmaduke White purchased the land tract and it remained in the White family until 1934. At that time, the land was purchased by Gertrude McGuckin, during whose family's ownership the house was renovated, restored, and added to. From 1955 to 1971, the property was owned by John Sause who re-titled the property under the name of White's Heritage. In 1971, the property was sold to Luther Gregory who then sold it in 2002 to the White's Heritage Development Partnership, LLC. At the north center of the property, east of the main dwelling, an extant barn complex remains from an early 20th century tenant farm operation. The tenant farm house was demolished sometime after 2002. Historic maps did not indicate the presence of a structure within the boundaries of site 18QU971.

Phase I archeological survey was conducted in 2002 prior to construction of the proposed Gibson's Grant subdivision. The developers were planning to subdivide a 148 acre parcel for the construction of a residential development. The Phase I field survey consisted of systematic pedestrian reconnaissance of areas scheduled for development. Sites 18QU972 and adjacent site 18QU971 were identified in the north central portion of the project area and designated as Site 5 and Site 4 respectively. It was thought at the time of the Phase I study that the 2 sites probably constitute a single larger site.

Only 3 artifacts were recovered from 18QU972 during the Phase I study. There were 2 kitchen items, 1 red-glazed stoneware sherd and 1 ironstone sherd, and 1 miscellaneous piece of slag. The site also consisted of a small scatter of brick and shell in an area encompassing about 50 m in diameter. No quantities or weights of those materials were provided in the original report.

Five of the sites recorded during the Phase I survey, 18QU968, 18QU970, 18QU971, 18QU972, and 18QU973, were identified as possessing the potential to yield information important to prehistory or history, and were therefore recommended for Phase II evaluation in order to assess the eligibility of the sites for listing on the National Register. Between January and April 2006, Phase II testing was undertaken at Sites 18QU971 and 18QU972. While the Phase I survey initially identified 18QU971 and 18QU972 as two separate sites, the material from them was contemporaneous and the sites were less than 30.48 m apart. The two sites were excavated as 18QU971/2 at the Phase II level. Together, the sites measured about 100 x 75 meters. Archeological investigations consisted of excavating 112 shovel test pits (STPs) laid out at 10 m intervals and 2 test units (TU 9 and TU 11) measuring 1x1 m. Only shell and brick were recovered from the test units and no cultural features were identified.

A total of 89 historic artifacts were collected from the site during the Phase II testing. There were 52 architectural items (46 brick fragments and 6 window glass shards). There were 33 kitchen-related items (3 bottle glass fragments, 1 table glass fragment, 8 ceramic sherds: 1 whiteware, 2 pearlware, 1 white salt-glazed stoneware, 1 refined earthenware, 1 ironstone, 2 American blue & gray stoneware, and 21 oyster shell fragments). There were 3 miscellaneous artifacts (1 piece of charcoal, and 2 pieces of coal). The single arms-related item was a modern shotgun shell wad. In addition to the historic materials, 1 prehistoric chert flake was also recovered.

The Gibson's Grant 4 (18QU971) and Gibson's Grant 5 (18QU972) sites were temporally identical and spatially adjacent and were identified as the same site by the archeological surveys. The artifact assemblage for 18QU971/2 indicated the presence of a 19th-20th century debris scatter. The site, which is situated adjacent to an extant barn complex, is likely the result of plow drag from the barn area. Due to its limited research potential, site 18QU971/2 was recommended ineligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

## External Reference Codes (Library ID Numbers):

97001674, 97002909