

HO-239

The Herbiary (Rhineland House)

Architectural Survey File

This is the architectural survey file for this MIHP record. The survey file is organized reverse-chronological (that is, with the latest material on top). It contains all MIHP inventory forms, National Register nomination forms, determinations of eligibility (DOE) forms, and accompanying documentation such as photographs and maps.

Users should be aware that additional undigitized material about this property may be found in on-site architectural reports, copies of HABS/HAER or other documentation, drawings, and the “vertical files” at the MHT Library in Crownsville. The vertical files may include newspaper clippings, field notes, draft versions of forms and architectural reports, photographs, maps, and drawings. Researchers who need a thorough understanding of this property should plan to visit the MHT Library as part of their research project; look at the MHT web site (mht.maryland.gov) for details about how to make an appointment.

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Last Updated: 05-03-2004

Ho-239
The Herbiary
Glenelg
Private

eighteenth and nineteenth
centuries

This outstanding Howard County landmark is an interesting architectural complex, incorporating a one story high, gabled roof (running east-west) stone eighteenth century kitchen with wide brick west chimney with a three bay wide, one room deep, two and a half story, gabled roof (running north-south) early nineteenth century stone house, which creates an L plan. To the south wall of these structures has been added a charming gabled roof (running east-west) addition which in no way disturbs the harmony and integrity of the original composition.

The house stands on "Second Discovery", patented in 1729 by Vachel and Joseph Howard and is notable today for its outstanding herb garden, featuring some 45 different herbs, created over a period of eight years by Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rhineland, present owners.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

H0-239
District 5
MAGI# 1402395204

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME
 HISTORIC The Herbiary
 AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION
 STREET & NUMBER Folly Quarter Road
 CITY, TOWN Glenelg CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 6th District
 STATE Maryland VICINITY OF COUNTY Howard

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE <input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT <input type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
		<input type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY
 NAME Mr. & Mrs. Frederick Rhineland Telephone #: 286-2427
 STREET & NUMBER Folly Quarter Road
 CITY, TOWN Glenelg, Maryland VICINITY OF STATE, zip code

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION
 COURTHOUSE, LIBER #: 762
 REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Hall of Records, Tax Map 22 p. 164 Folio #: 396
 STREET & NUMBER Howard County Court House
 CITY, TOWN Ellicott City STATE Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS
 TITLE Howard County Historic Sites Inventory
 DATE 1978 FEDERAL STATE COUNTY LOCAL
 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Maryland Historical Trust
 CITY, TOWN 21 State Circle, Annapolis STATE Maryland

7 DESCRIPTIONHo-239
District 5

CONDITION		CHECK ONE		CHECK ONE	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED	DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED			
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED				

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Herbiary faces east on the south side of Folly Quarter Road 700 feet west of Jumper's Hill Lane. It consists of two stone buildings and a frame addition built in a "T" plan.

The original eighteenth century one story high, gabled roof (running east-west) fieldstone building faces south with a wide corbeled brick chimney inset into its west wall, holding a large corbeled fire place. Its ceiling beams are now exposed, creating a spacious kitchen. Formerly there was an upstairs loft with four light casement windows located on either side of the chimney. A rectangular double-hung window with projecting stone sill and flat stone lintel is located on its north wall and the original rectangular entrance located on its south wall. The remainder of the building's south wall was eliminated sometime in the nineteenth century when a frame addition was made to the eighteenth century structure and the large two and a half story stone house constructed in 1816 or shortly thereafter. The latter extends northward along the east wall of the original stone house. It is a large, three bay wide, one room deep, two and a half story, gabled roof (running north-south) field stone house, built with full basement which appears as a first floor on the east elevation. Wide brick chimneys are inset into its north and south walls.

The present rectangular cross paneled door with three lights is located in the central bay of its west wall with a six over six rectangular staircase window above. A similar first and second floor window are located in its north bay while its south bay holds a rectangular entrance into the eighteenth century kitchen. All the windows are decorated with projecting fieldstone sills.

The East Elevation

The east elevation holds a rectangular basement entrance and four light basement window with three first and second floor windows similar to those on the west elevation which are vertically aligned and proportionally scaled.

Both the east and west elevations feature "A" framed gabled windows which hold three-three light, arched casement windows, a later addition to the house.

The present first floor central window on this east elevation was at one time the main entrance to the house. The staircase has been changed and the building oriented westward to allow for a first floor powder room, the door being altered to provide the present window which matches those of the first floor.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

The north elevation features two, two-two light casement windows with projecting wooden lintels, while the south elevation features a similar attic window in its west bay.

A two bay wide, two bay deep, high pitched gabled roof (running north-south) frame addition (two stories high built into the southern slope of the ground) rests along the south wall of the eighteenth and nineteenth century structures. It features rectangular, double-hung windows with six-over-six lights and a sliding plate glass west ground floor entrance with a flat roofed open porch on its east elevation leading down to the lovely herb garden. The latter features a fine oval within a rectangular outer brick path, encompassing geometrically designed gardens, featuring some 45 different herbs.

The interior features the large cooking fireplace of the eighteenth century kitchen, (see Figure 4) as well as paneling and chairrails which were designed and crafted to integrate with the existing original wood work found in the house. Please see Figures 1-3. The original mantelpiece in the present first floor bedroom is early and simple in character and design (see Figure 1.)

The foundation for the old stone slave quarters lies south of the house and is the site for the present vegetable garden.

The Hall House, located on the north side of Folly Quarter Road, opposite the driveway into the Herbiary, is identical in plan to the slave house once located here.

The large stone house dates from 1816 (see Significance statement) and the frame addition was constructed in 1965. The original kitchen may be as early as 1760.

Pottery, old glass bottles and remnants of old hurricane lamps have been found on the site.

The outstanding herb garden was constructed by Mr. Rhinelanders over a period of some eight years.

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION				

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Herbiary is significant both architecturally and historically.

The attached plat of Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelanders area, see attachment 4, was taken from Dr. Caleb Dorsey's land grant map of Howard County. The present house stands on "Second Discovery", patented in 1729 by Vachel and Joseph Howard. Some of the original acreage may also have comprised a part of "Howard's Resolution".

Wavertree is also located on "Second Discovery" and has an entrance one mile east of the Howard County Hunt Club on the north side of Triadelphia Road. See HO-125.

The following historical chronology is taken from the private papers of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rhinelanders, compiled by Mrs. C. F. Shaw.

"Second Discovery" comprised lands taken up by Joseph Howard of near South River, Anne Arundel County upon which he settled his son Henry, who in 1731 married Sara Dorsey. (See p. 274 Anne Arundel Gentry). She was given a part of Dorsey's Grove by her father, which adjoined (443 acres) in 1735. In 1736, "Second Discovery" was deeded to Henry by his father, 310 acres. Joseph Higgins (grandson) received 100 acres.

In 1736, Henry Howard held pew 12 at Christ Church (near Guilford).

The Rent Rolls of 1753 list owners of "Second Discovery" as:

Henry Howard	416 acres
Joseph	100 acres
Philip Warfield	93 acres
William Hobbs & Chas. Ridgely	301 acres

Hobbs Lot

Philip Warfield	65 acres
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CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

Altogether

Philip Warfield	150 acres (bought from Hobbs)
Michael Dorsey	250 acres
Edward Dorsey	250 acres
Mrs. Eliz. Ridgely	100 acres
Nicholas Watkins	300 acres

In the 1798 Tax List is found:

Hannah Ridgely on part of "Second Discovery"
as owner and occupant of:

1 Stone Dwelling	26 x 18	out of repair
1 Stone Kitchen	20 x 16	" " "
1 Log Stable	20 x 12	

She joined Lydia Hobbs.

This is the only reference found of a dwelling on
"Second Discovery" by Mrs. Shaw.

In further research undertaken by the Rhinelanders, a property title search revealed that on April 2, 1816 (Anne Arundel County WS6. #4 #310) Mr. Edward T. Inglehard paid \$5,139.56 to Lancelot Hobbs, etal for their undivided 5/6th of the first part of "Second Discovery" conveyed to William Hobbs, Jr. by his father, William Hobbs, the older, in 1784". The property consisted of 150 acres more or less.

The present owners believe the one story high stone kitchen was the same building mentioned in the 1798 Tax List as belonging to Hannah Ridgely (Wavertree's three sided stone addition was added to an earlier log house circa 1810 which eliminates it from consideration.) The two story high stone main body of the house is believed to date from circa 1816, the time the property was sold to Mr. Inglehart for \$5,139.56, a considerable sum for those days. This interesting 1816 deed mentions several pieces of furniture sold with the house at that time.

The Inglehart's remained on the property for some fifty years. An S.E. Iglehart is noted on the Martenet Map of 1860. By 1878, the property had been transferred to Charles Linthicum who is noted on the Hopkins Atlas of that year.

In addition to old maps and deeds indicating the age and history of the house, numerous artifacts have been found around the main house, and the site of the old stone quarters, south of the house, now used as a vegetable garden. These include numerous old bottles and an interesting 1854 Indonesian coin.

Historically noteworthy in its associations with Howard County's early settlers and architecturally significant as one of Howard County's fine old stone houses, its value has been further enhanced by the tasteful additions made to, and thoughtful preservation of, this fine eighteenth and nineteenth century home by the present owners, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander.

The architectural complex we see today presents a unified and well integrated building, whose interior plan, as well as exterior appearance, "works". The construction of a fine herb garden adjacent to the house is an additional feature.

Surrounded by growing residential development, the integrity of the site should be insured by its inclusion to the National Register for Historic Places.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

H0-239
District 5

Private Papers and Sketches of Mrs. Frederick Rhineland
Interview with Mrs. Rhineland at the Herbiary, March 27, 1978
Hopkins Atlas of 1878

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 16.09 Acres

Please see attachment 1, tax Map 22

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Please see Howard County Records, Liber 762
Folio 396

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE Maryland COUNTY Howard

STATE COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist

ORGANIZATION

Office of Planning & Zoning-Comprehensive Planning Section 465-5000 x257

DATE

STREET & NUMBER

3450 Court House Drive

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Ellicott City

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

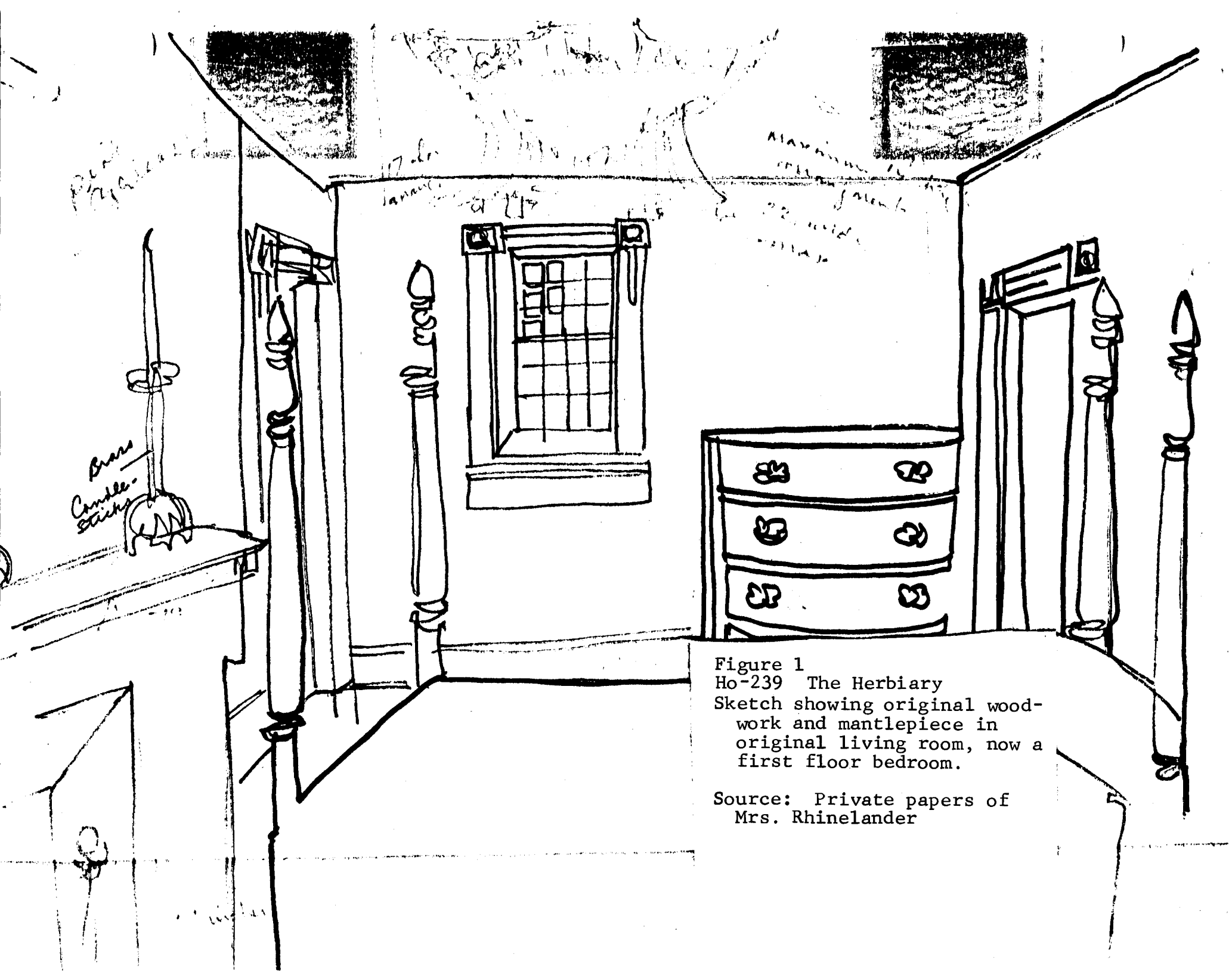


Figure 1
Ho-239 The Herbiary
Sketch showing original wood-
work and mantelpiece in
original living room, now a
first floor bedroom.

Source: Private papers of
Mrs. Rhinelanders



Figure 2
Ho-239 The Herbiary
Sketch of First Floor Hall,
indicating added paneling and
chairrail.

Source: Private papers of Mrs.
Rhineland

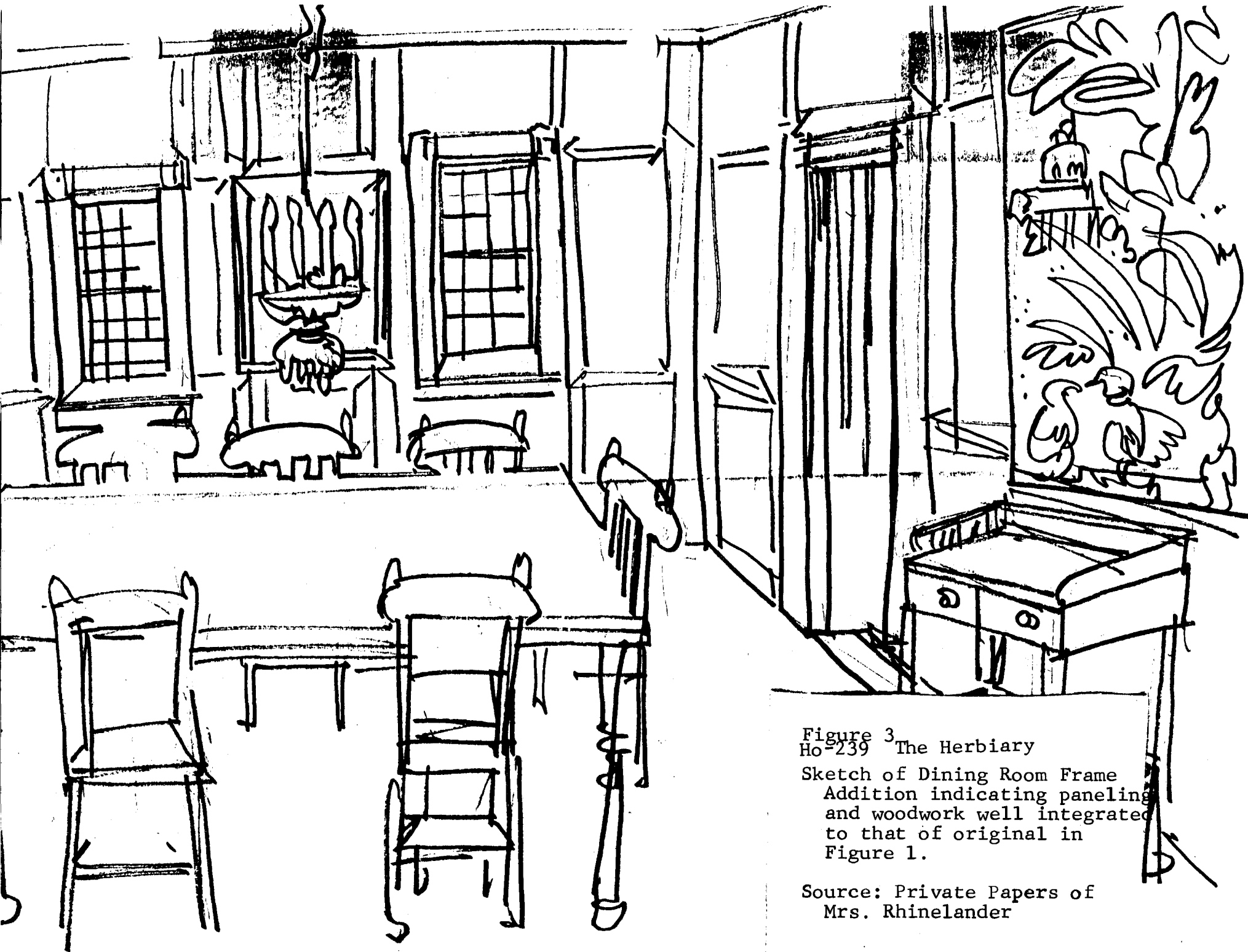


Figure 3
Ho-239 The Herbiary

Sketch of Dining Room Frame
Addition indicating paneling
and woodwork well integrated
to that of original in
Figure 1.

Source: Private Papers of
Mrs. Rhineland

Ann M. ... Mary ...

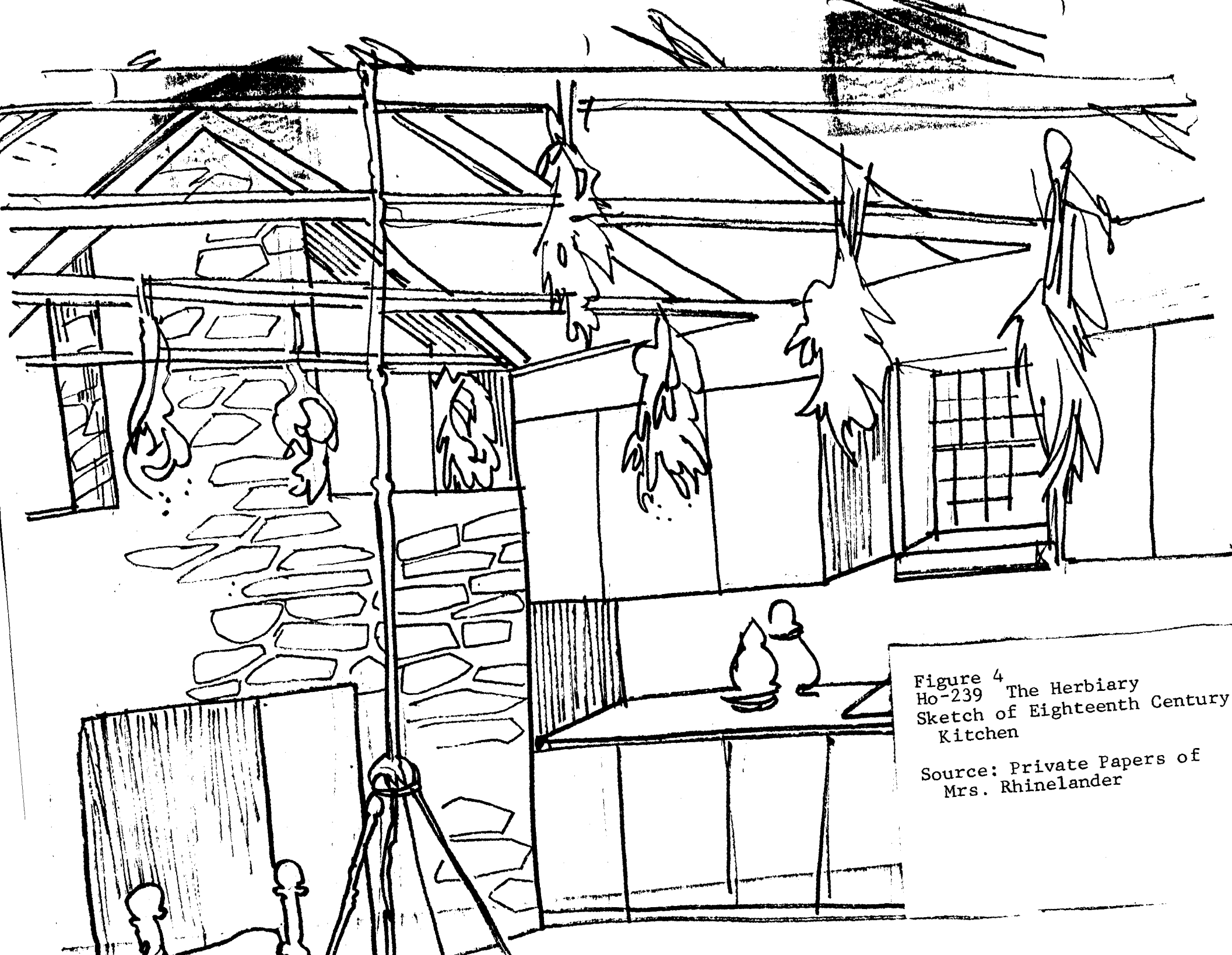


Figure 4
Ho-239 The Herbiary
Sketch of Eighteenth Century
Kitchen

Source: Private Papers of
Mrs. Rhineland

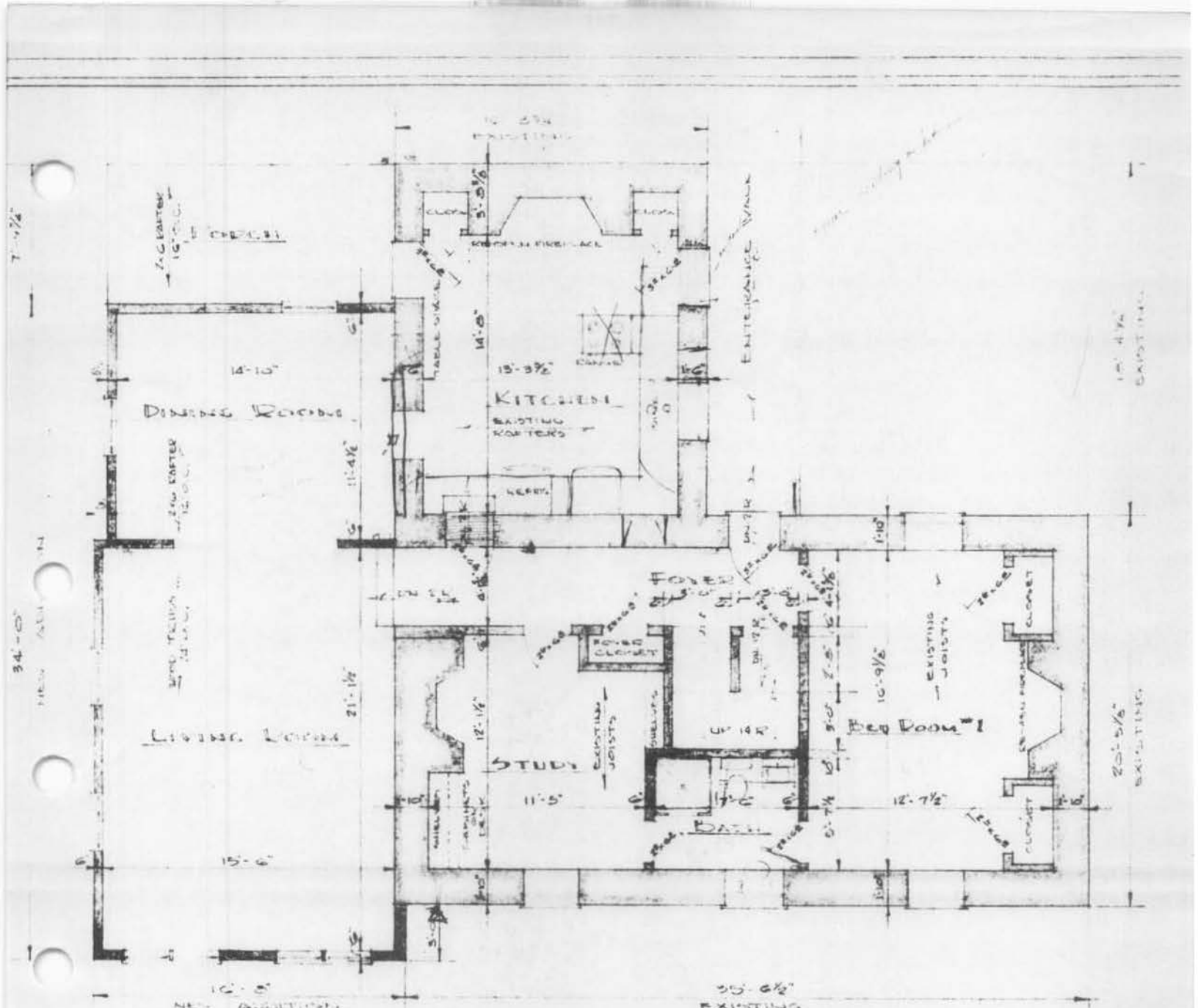
Figure 5
 HO-239
 The Herbiary
 East Elevation

Note: Ground floor altered.
 No six-over-six light
 windows north of door.



REAR ELEVATION
 SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"

FOR THE RESIDENCE ADDITIONAL REMODELING
 BY MR. & MRS. FREDERIC W. TRINELANDER
 MARYLAND



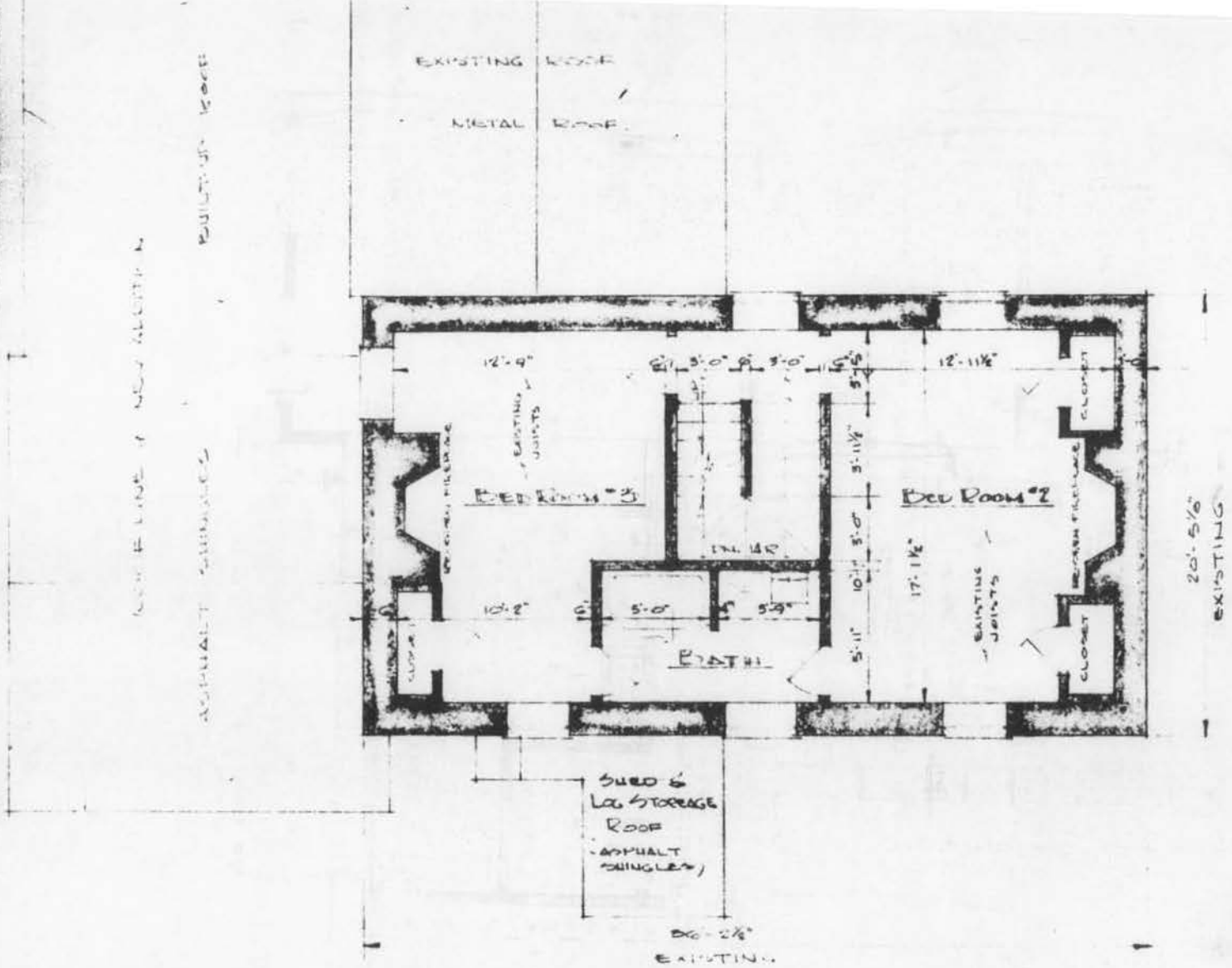
FIRST FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

Figure 6
HO-239
The Herbiary
First Floor Plan

PROPOSED BY
F. M. S. M.
G. ENELG.

PHILIP W. A. N.
A.R.C.

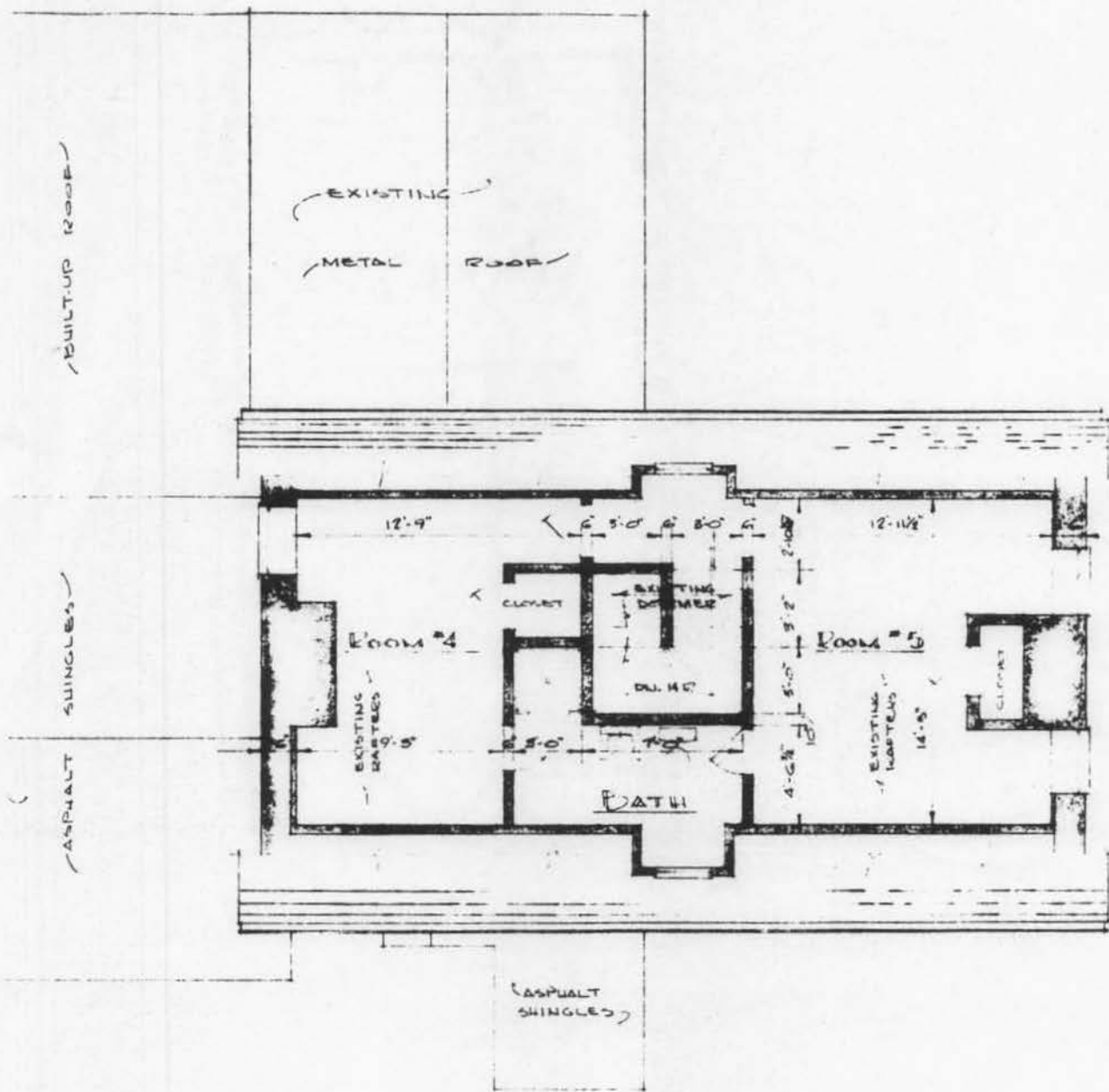
Figure 7
 HO-239
 The Herbiary
 Second Floor Plan



SECOND FLOOR PLAN
 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

PROPOSED RESIDENCE
 FOR MR. & MRS. F
 GLENELG.

PHILIP W. MOSE
 ARCHITECT

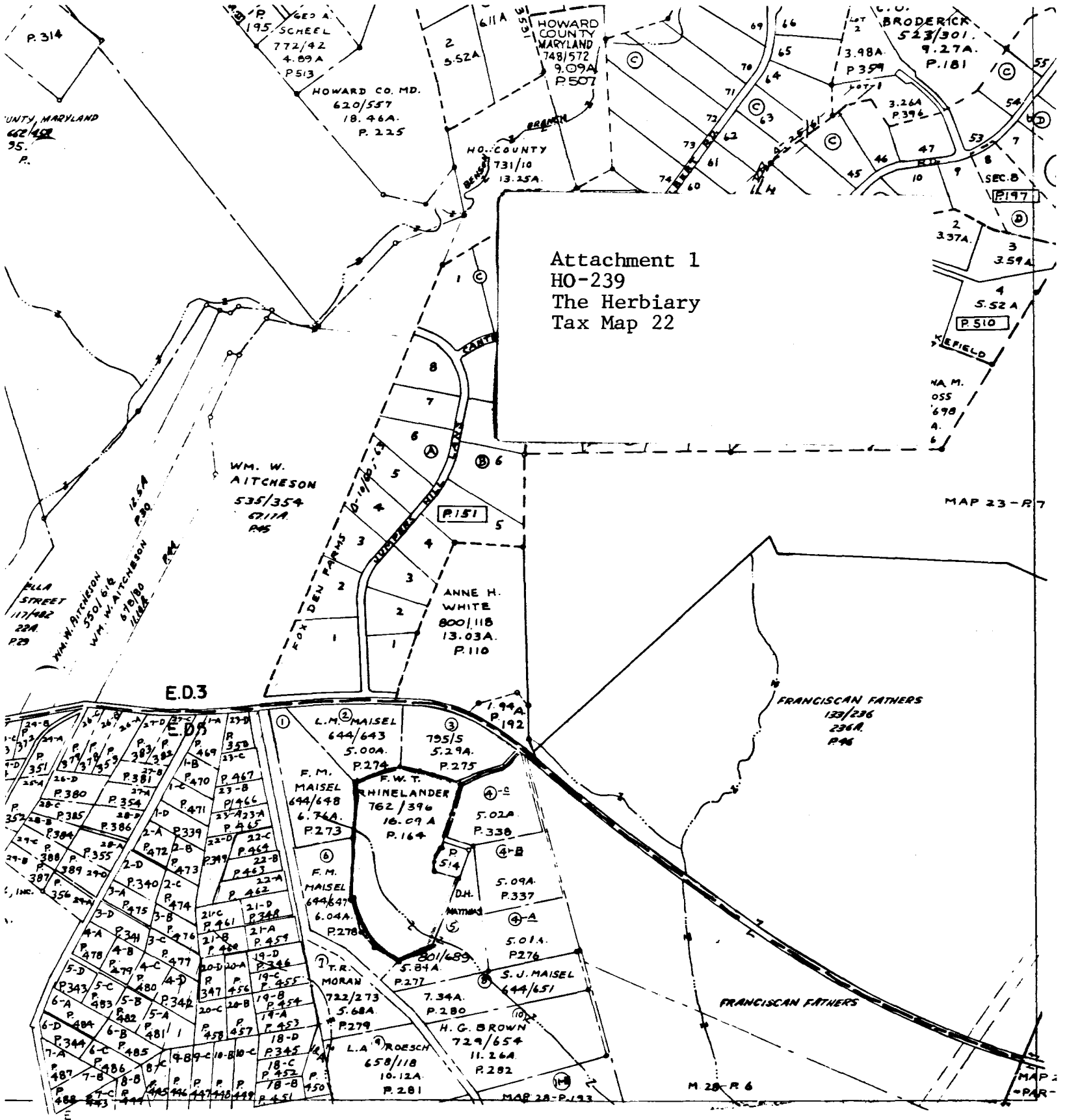


THIRD FLOOR PLAN
 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

PROPOSED RESIDENCE
 FOR MR. & MRS. FRED
 GLENELG.

Figure 8
 HO-239
 The Herbiary
 Third Floor Plan

W. J. MALDEN
 ARCHITECT



Attachment 1
HO-239
The Herbiary
Tax Map 22

MAP 23-R7

E.D.3

FRANCISCAN FATHERS

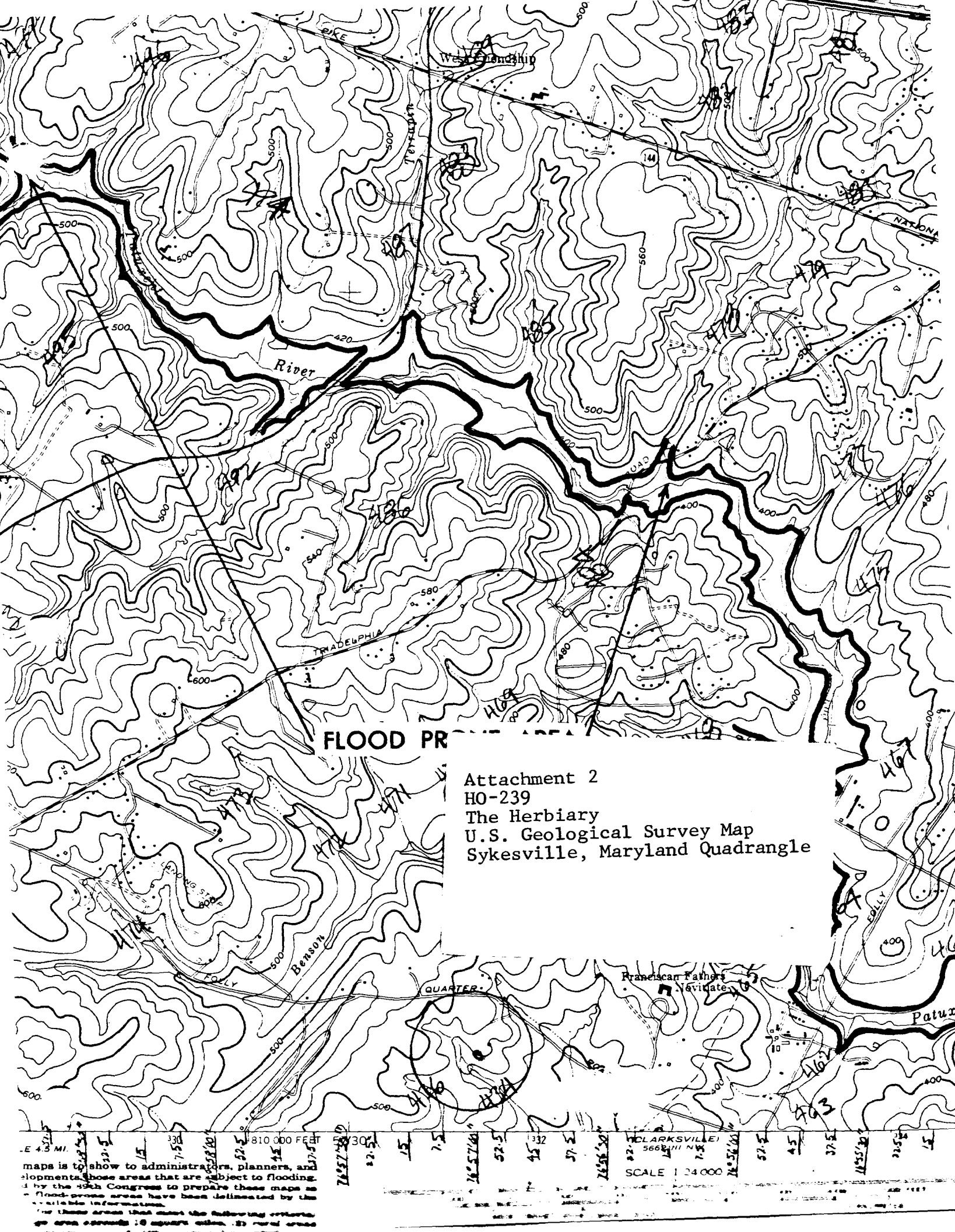
MAP 28-P.193

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



Attachment 3
 HO-239
 The Herbiary
 Hopkin's Atlas of 1878

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1878 by G.M. Hopkins in the Office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington.



FLOOD PRONE AREA

Attachment 2
 HO-239
 The Herbiary
 U.S. Geological Survey Map
 Sykesville, Maryland Quadrangle

Scale 1:24,000
 CLARKSVILLE
 566' 11" N
 75° 51' 30" W
 2657' 50"

maps is to show to administrators, planners, and
 slopments those areas that are subject to flooding.
 d by the 95th Congress to prepare these maps as
 flood-prone areas have been delineated by the
 State of Maryland.
 The areas that meet the following criteria
 are areas: 1.0 square miles, 2.0 rural areas



Ho-239

THE HERBIARY
WEST

CHEORA THOMPSON, AIP

APRIL-1978