

B-2336

## Maryland National Bank, (Eutaw Savings Bank, Baltimore Grand)

### **Architectural Survey File**

This is the architectural survey file for this MIHP record. The survey file is organized reverse-chronological (that is, with the latest material on top). It contains all MIHP inventory forms, National Register nomination forms, determinations of eligibility (DOE) forms, and accompanying documentation such as photographs and maps.

Users should be aware that additional undigitized material about this property may be found in on-site architectural reports, copies of HABS/HAER or other documentation, drawings, and the “vertical files” at the MHT Library in Crownsville. The vertical files may include newspaper clippings, field notes, draft versions of forms and architectural reports, photographs, maps, and drawings. Researchers who need a thorough understanding of this property should plan to visit the MHT Library as part of their research project; look at the MHT web site ([mht.maryland.gov](http://mht.maryland.gov)) for details about how to make an appointment.

All material is property of the Maryland Historical Trust.

***Last Updated: 04-12-2011***

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Western National Bank and Eutaw Savings Bank

other name/site number Baltimore Grand (preferred); B-2336, B-2337

2. Location

street & town 401 West Fayette Street  not for publication

city or town Baltimore  vicinity

state Maryland code MD county Independent city code 510 zip code 21201

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this  nomination  request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant  nationally  statewide  locally. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

[Signature] 12-8-99  
Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State of Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property  meets  does not meet the National Register criteria. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
<input type="checkbox"/> entered in the National Register. <input type="checkbox"/> See continuation sheet.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> determined eligible for the National Register <input type="checkbox"/> See continuation sheet.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> determined not eligible for the National Register.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> removed from the National Register.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> other, (explain:)	_____	_____

Baltimore Grand (B-2336, B-2337)  
Name of Property

Baltimore city, Maryland  
County and State

**5. Classification**

**Ownership of Property**  
(check as many boxes as apply)

**Category of Property**  
(check only one box)

**Number of Resources within Property**  
(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

- district
- building(s)
- site
- structure
- object

Contributing	Noncontributing	
2	1	buildings
		sites
		structures
		objects
2	1	Total

**Name of related multiple property listing**  
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

**Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register**

n/a

0

**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Function**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

**Current Function**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

Commerce/Trade: financial institution

Commerce/Trade: restaurant

**7. Description**

**Architectural Classification**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

**Materials**  
(Enter categories from instructions)

Late 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Century Revivals:  
Classical Revival

foundation masonry  
walls stone; brick  
roof membrane; slate; copper  
other

**Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Baltimore Grand (B2336-B2337)  
Name of Property

Baltimore city, Maryland  
County and State

**8. Description**

**Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

**Criteria Considerations**

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B** removed from its original location.
- C** a birthplace or grave.
- D** a cemetery.
- E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F** a commemorative property.
- G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

**Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

**9. Major Bibliographical References**

**Bibliography** (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Previous documentation on file (NPS):**

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_

**Areas of Significance**

(enter categories from instructions)

Commerce

Architecture

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Period of Significance**

1881-1912

**Significant Dates**

1881; 1883; 1911; 1912

\_\_\_\_\_

**Significant Persons**

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

n/a

**Cultural Affiliation**

n/a

**Architect/Builder**

Charles L. Carson, architect (1881, 1883)

Baldwin & Pennington, architects (1911)

Haskell & Barnes, architects (1912)

\_\_\_\_\_

**Primary location of additional data:**

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other: Name of repository: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Baltimore Grand (B-2336, B-2337)  
Name of Property

Baltimore city, Maryland  
County and State

### 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property 0.47 acres; Baltimore East, MD quad

#### UTM References

(Place additional boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

1 18 360160 4350000  
Zone Easting Northing

2  
Zone Easting Northing

3  
Zone Easting Northing

4  
Zone Easting Northing

See continuation sheet

#### Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

#### Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

### 11. Form Prepared By

name/title Michael V. Murphy, AIA

organization Murphy & Dittenhafer, Inc.

date 9/10/99

street & number 800 North Charles Street

telephone (410) 625-4823

city or town Baltimore

state MD zip code 21201

#### Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

#### Continuation Sheets

#### Maps

A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

#### Photographs

Representative **black and white photographs** of the property.

#### Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

#### Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name/title \_\_\_\_\_

street & number \_\_\_\_\_

telephone \_\_\_\_\_

city or town \_\_\_\_\_

state \_\_\_\_\_

zip code \_\_\_\_\_

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 *et seq.*).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B- 2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 7 Page 1

---

**Description Summary**

The property known as the Baltimore Grand comprises two historic bank buildings, the former Western National Bank (1881, remodeled 1912) and the former Eutaw Savings Bank (1887, remodeled 1911), which were connected in 1989 and adaptively reused to create a commercial catering and banquet facility. The bank buildings retain good integrity to the 1911-12 period; they are characterized by richly-detailed Classical facades, and retain the majority of their interior finishes in place behind inserted wall and ceiling panels.

**General Description**

The Eutaw Street facade of the Baltimore Grand is composed of three parts constructed at different times: the former Western National Bank (1881) at the south, a recent (1989) connecting element constructed in a former alley, and the former Eutaw Savings Bank (1887) at the north, on the corner of Eutaw and Fayette streets.

The Fayette Street facade also consists of three sections. The original (1887) section of the former Eutaw Savings Bank occupies the corner at the east end of the block; a 1911 addition to the bank extended the building through the center of the block. In 1989, a one-story addition was made at the western end of the block to provide an entrance and lobby for the banquet facility.

The Western National Bank building was originally designed in 1881 by Baltimore architect Charles Carson in an exuberant Queen Anne style. Remnants of the original brick and limestone exterior remain visible on the south facade facing the alley. In 1912, the Baltimore architectural firm of Haskell and Barnes carried out an interior and exterior remodeling of the building which included a completely new Classically-inspired facade facing Eutaw Street.

The Western National Bank's Eutaw Street facade is composed of a giant order of Ionic columns supporting a pedimented portico. The frieze above the columns is unadorned except for the carved identification "Western National Bank" on its face. The pediment is decorated with egg and dart molding, with acroteria at its peak and ends. The facade is constructed of smooth-faced limestone over a granite base. Three large cast facing clerestory windows are subdivided with metal framing and two smaller windows at the ground level with ornamental iron grilles. The main entrance doors are bronze. A set of granite steps leads up to the entrance. The ornamental east facade returns ten feet around the north and south corners.

A simple connecting element between the Western National Bank and the adjacent Eutaw Savings Bank consists of a pair of plain metal exit doors below a sloped standing-seam metal roof. This connector, constructed in 1989, is set back from the plane of the facades.

The Eutaw Savings Bank, at the southwest corner of Eutaw and Fayette streets, was also designed by Charles Carson in 1887. It is constructed of brownstone on a base of granite, has wood windows clad with copper, and exemplifies Classical influence in its form and detailing.

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B- 2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 7 Page 2

The east façade of the Eutaw Savings Bank is divided into three bays. The central bay is defined by a projecting entrance portico with paired Doric columns and a balustraded balcony delineating the second level. A large arched window above the entrance portico is framed by paired fluted pilasters with Corinthian capitals extending to the cornice line. Each side bay is pierced on the first floor by a rectangular window with Tuscan pilasters and at the second story by round-arched windows framed by Doric pilasters and decorative inset panels, and topped with a dentilled pediment.

The street level of the Eutaw Savings Bank has banded rustication, while the upper level is laid with a smooth ashlar surface. The frieze, carved with a swag motif, supports a dentilled pediment (with carved reliefs in the tympanum) in the center bay and a copper balustrade that wraps around the entire building. Applied bronze letters identify the "Eutaw Savings Bank" at the central frieze.

Like the Western National Bank to the south, the ornamental facade of the Eutaw Savings Bank extends ten feet around to the south side of the building where it transitions to simple running bond brickwork. The brownstone facade exhibits varying levels of deterioration typical of the material. The Eutaw Street facade was modified slightly to its present appearance when Baldwin and Pennington expanded the building in 1911.

Like the east-facing Eutaw Street facade, the north-facing Fayette Street facade of the Baltimore Grand is composed of three sections, each of which was constructed at a different time. At the corner, the Fayette Street facade of the Eutaw Savings Bank comprises the easternmost element. This is carried out in the same style and materials as the bank's Eutaw Street facade. An areaway allows windows into a basement level. The original Carson-designed facade had three bays, the westernmost of which included a rounded Projecting bay. In 1911, Baldwin and Pennington modified and extended the facade by removing the rounded projecting bay, re-cladding that section, and extending the building toward the west with windows and trim which matched the original in form, materials, and detailing. The resulting facade is a symmetrical composition. The only visible evidence of phased construction is that the later brownstone has weathered to a darker color.

At the western end of the north façade, a single-level entrance lobby was constructed in 1989. Clad in brown brick, this element contains a single large arched window over several pairs of wood and glass doors. Attached wood letters announce "The Baltimore Grand" over the entrance arch. A large parking structure (non-contributing) adjoins to the west. The lobby serves as a pre-function area for the two primary banquet/catering halls in the building, and also provides handicapped accessibility. The interior materials of the lobby and associated service areas include painted drywall ceilings and walls, and carpeted floors.

In the 1989 conversion of the two banks into a banquet facility, the main banking rooms were converted into banquet halls and the executive office became a dining room. The conversion took advantage of the original ornate ceilings and wall treatments of these spaces, which were restored and maintained in several areas; other historic interior finishes were retained primarily in place behind and above inserted walls and ceilings. Overall, the interior retains good integrity to the 1911-1912 period.

The Western National Bank's double height banking room was adapted as the South Banquet Hall. The current space has a suspended drywall ceiling approximately 12 feet above the floor and drywall and fabric panel walls constructed about two feet inside of the original marble-clad walls. Carpet currently covers the floor. Above and

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B- 2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 7 Page 3

behind the inserted walls and ceiling, the lower level and clerestory windows as well as the remaining wall and ceiling finishes of the monumental banking room remain largely intact. These finishes include twelve foot marble clad walls above which run a band of of clerestory windows flanked by paired plaster pilasters supporting an ornamental cornice. About half of the clerestory window openings were closed with masonry in 1989. The original plaster ceiling remains above the later suspended ceiling. Original finishes have sustained some damage from the installation of the current interior treatments, which involved numerous penetrations in the original walls and ceilings for support.

The North Banquet Hall occupies the former main banking room of the Eutaw Savings Bank, a grand two-story space. The banking room was originally entered from Eutaw Street through a decorative bronze interior portico, now concealed. The side walls of the banking room were clad with marble at the lower level; above this, the smooth coursed ashlar masonry was decoratively exposed. An elevated ornamental metal catwalk/balcony, supported by brackets, followed the perimeter of the room and became a mezzanine level over offices and utility rooms at the west end. Other notable features include six Palladian windows located above the elevated walkway which are framed by Corinthian pilasters and moldings. The arches of the Palladian windows are set in recessed lunettes and are filled with decorative stained glass. These grand windows are interspersed with ten simpler rectangular windows, set below recessed round arches. Above the upper cornice, a curved ceiling transitions to a flat metal coffered ceiling with integral lighting and ventilation grilles in square recesses. Alterations carried out in 1989 include installation of new drywall and panel walls at two feet inside of the original exterior walls to accommodate ductwork. These walls extend vertically from the floor level to the underside of the catwalk/balcony which surrounds the room. The installation of these interior finishes, including carpeted floors, was carried out in the same manner as in the South Banquet Hall.

Behind the North Banquet hall is a smaller dining room that was originally the executive office of the Eutaw Savings Bank. The dining room retains its original mahogany paneling and ornamented ceiling with leaded-glass skylights. An adjacent bathroom has original fixtures including an early shower head and wardrobe. A staircase with carved railings leads up to the mezzanine level of the North Banquet Hall.

Beneath the former Western National and Eutaw Savings Banks are a variety of utility and storage rooms. A commercial kitchen was installed as part of the 1989 construction. The basement of the former Eutaw Savings Bank also contains the entrance to a shaft/stair which gives access to the space above the coffered ceiling of the North Banquet Hall.

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 8 Page 1

---

**Statement of Significance**

The Baltimore Grand is primarily significant under Criterion C. The two historic bank buildings which make up the complex exemplify a significant type of commercial architecture. The Western National Bank and the Eutaw Savings Bank represent a type of small-scale, yet richly detailed and monumental bank building that was characteristic of Baltimore's financial institutions around the turn of the twentieth century. Rather than seeking the "highest and best use" of relatively expensive downtown real estate by combining banking functions with other income-producing uses in multistory buildings, the Western National Bank and Eutaw Savings Bank made an architectural statement of prosperity and permanence through a lavishly-detailed single-purpose banking structure. In doing so, they participated in a trend that was noted by the contemporary architectural press as particularly associated with Baltimore. Furthermore, these buildings represent the work of prominent local architects, including Charles L. Carson, Baldwin & Pennington, and Haskell & Barnes.

The property derives additional significance under Criterion A, in the area of Commerce: the Western National Bank and Eutaw Savings Bank figured prominently in the economic development of the city from the mid-nineteenth century.

**Historic Context and Resource History**

**Commerce (Criterion A)**

Baltimore's financial institutions played a crucial role in the city's development as a port and manufacturing center, and in its historic involvement in industrial enterprises throughout the South. The importance of the financial industry is reflected in the city's surviving bank buildings.

The immediate neighborhood of the Baltimore Grand, the west side of Baltimore, thrived as a vibrant commercial, financial, and entertainment district from the second quarter of the nineteenth century through the middle of the twentieth. Photographs and maps from the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> century show a neighborhood densely populated with the garment trade, theaters, department stores, hotels, and a wide variety of small shops. Several banks took part in this flourishing commercial activity.

The Western National Bank provided financial services to the Baltimore community for over 120 years, from 1835, when it was incorporated as a state bank, to 1957, when it merged with the First National Bank. In 1865, the bank was nationalized under the laws of the United States. In 1880, the president of the Western National Bank, Joshua C. Harvey, formalized and developed plans for a new banking house that would replace the old bank building that had stood for more than 40 years and commissioned prominent local architect Charles L. Carson to design the new banking structure. Along with an impressive new building, the director's new efforts to invoke confidence and loyalty in its customers were successful and the bank prospered. In 1906, bank president Charles E. Riemer recognized that the bank had outgrown its existing facility. Major alterations were planned by local architects Haskell and Barnes including a new Eutaw Street façade and a complete interior remodeling and one level expansion to the west. In 1956, the Western National Bank merged with the First National Bank of Baltimore.

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES**  
**CONTINUATION SHEET**

B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 8 Page 2

---

The Eutaw Savings Bank was founded in 1847 in the Eutaw House, the prominent hotel at the corner of Baltimore and Eutaw Streets. In 1857, the institution moved from the hotel into its own quarters, a two story brownstone building designed by Joseph Kemp at the southeast corner of Eutaw and Fayette Streets. In 1887, continued growth caused the bank to move again into a new building at the southwest corner of Eutaw Street and Fayette Streets, which was designed by Charles Carson in brownstone to resemble the bank's former home across the street. The former bank then became the home of the Baltimore Equitable Society, Maryland's oldest corporation and the fourth oldest insurance company in the United States. In 1911, continued growth required an expansion of the Eutaw Savings Bank, which, as designed by Baldwin and Pennington, nearly doubled the size of the 1887 structure. The Eutaw Savings Bank merged with the Maryland National Bank (now NationsBank) in 1974.

Architecture (Criterion C)

As low, single-purpose, highly ornamental bank buildings, the Western National Bank (1881) and the Eutaw Savings Bank (1887) were early participants in a trend which became significantly associated with Baltimore. An article in Architectural Record published in 1907 observed that the majority of major urban banks toward the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century had tended to erect multistory buildings which provided banking space on the ground floor and income-producing uses above, in the interest of maximizing their investment in expensive downtown real estate. In Baltimore, however, the tendency—begun in the 19<sup>th</sup> century and reinforced in the aftermath of the Fire of 1904—was toward elaborately detailed one-story buildings exclusively for banking use.

This trend reflected the interaction of several factors. Baltimore's banking capital at the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century was greater than that of other cities of similar size and population, because numerous industrial enterprises throughout the South were financed there. A rapid expansion in the number of state-chartered financial institutions around the turn of the 20<sup>th</sup> century produced a sharp increase in competition and encouraged the city's established banks—characterized by conservative methods and outdated buildings—to modernize; as a result, several adopted the emerging fashion for low, ornamental buildings to symbolize their prosperity and permanence.

After the Fire of 1904, which devastated the city's main financial district (several blocks east of the Western National and Eutaw Savings banks), this trend was reinforced. Bankers observed that the only institutions which had survived the conflagration had been housed in low buildings, pointing up a practical advantage of the form. At the same time, in the rush to replace the city's bank buildings, financiers intensified their efforts to distinguish their institutions by means of an up-to-date architectural statement. The vast majority of post-Fire bank buildings were of the one-story type, with ornate Classical facades and lavish interior finishes. The renovations to the Western National and Eutaw Savings banks reflect this trend. The directors of the Western National Bank in 1912 transformed their dated Queen Anne building into a thoroughly modern Classical edifice; the Eutaw Savings Bank, whose original design incorporated Classical ornament, got more of it in the 1911 expansion.

In addition to the capacity of a monumental facade to convey strength and permanence to depositors and represent the safety and security of the institution, bankers found that one-story buildings had functional

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 8 Page 3

advantages as well. This building type, primarily consisting of a single impressively-finished and well-lighted room, lent itself well to customer impact and convenience. In the great central room—effectively illuminated by skylights—the public business of the bank could be transacted, while a number of smaller rooms and basement areas could be used for private offices and support space.

The Western National and Eutaw Savings banks represent the work of prominent local architects, both in their original designs and in their subsequent renovations. Charles L. Carson (1847-91), who prepared the original designs for both banks, was a leading Baltimore architect whose work spanned a wide variety of public and private buildings: including houses, banks, hotels, synagogues and churches, factories and warehouses. The Central Savings Bank, at Charles and Lexington streets, is a particularly fine example of his work. Although Carson had no formal training in architecture, his work demonstrates a high level of design sensibility. In addition to designing both the adjacent Western National Bank and the Eutaw Savings bank, his other outstanding work included the Mt. Vernon Place Methodist Church, the Lafayette Square Church, and the original Enoch Pratt Library on Cathedral Street.

The noted architectural firm of Baldwin and Pennington carried out a major expansion of the Eutaw Savings Bank in 1911, work which was carried with great sensitivity to the original building designed by Carson. E. Francis Baldwin (1837-1916) and Josias Pennington (1854-1929) were leading architects in the state of Maryland. The firm's more notable projects in Baltimore include the Fidelity Building, the Mt. Royal Station, the Maryland Club, the Hutzler's Palace, the B&O building, and the former Baltimore City College. Baldwin and Pennington also designed numerous churches, railroad stations, and university buildings throughout Maryland.

The architectural firm led by George C. Haskell and Summerfield Barnes is less well known although Haskell is reported to have worked for Carson as a draftsman. The firm's works in Baltimore included the University of Maryland Dental School on nearby Greene Street, the Engine Houses in Hampden and Walbrook, an office building for the German American Fire Insurance Company, in addition to theater, church, and residential work. Haskell and Barnes carried out major alterations to the Western National Bank in 1912 in a very capable rendition of the Classical style then in vogue.

In 1989, the two bank buildings were rehabilitated and combined to function as a banquet/catering facility, which was given the name The Baltimore Grand. McLaughlin Architects of Columbia, Maryland were the architects for this renovation and expansion work, which was generally carried out with minimal impact on the historic structures.

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 9 Page 1

---

**Major Bibliographical References**

A Bank and Its Times. Baltimore: First National Bank, 1976.

A Brief History of a Bank. Baltimore: Western National Bank of Baltimore, 1938.

Dorsey, John and James D. Dilts. A Guide to Baltimore Architecture. Centreville, MD: Tidewater Publishers, 1997.

Kidney, Walter C. The Architecture of Choice: Eclecticism in America, 1880-1930. New York: George Braziller, 1974.

Olson, Sherry H. Baltimore: The Building of an American City. Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press, 1980.

"The Bank Buildings of Baltimore," Architectural Record, v. 221, 1907.

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties, Maryland Historical Trust, Crownsville, MD

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
CONTINUATION SHEET**

B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore Grand  
Baltimore city, Maryland

Section number 10 Page 1

---

**Geographical Data**

**Verbal Boundary Description**

The nominated property is described as Ward 4, Lots 9-16, Section 8, Block 631 among the Land Records of Baltimore City, Maryland. The multilevel parking garage located on this property does not contribute to the significance of the resource.

**Verbal Boundary Justification**

Boundaries are defined by the property lines of the original Eutaw Savings Bank and Western National Bank with the inclusion of annexed alley space connecting the two structures.

B-2336

B-2337

BALTIMORE  
GRAND  
BALTIMORE CITY  
MARYLAND

18-360160-  
4350000

17'30"



FREDERICK 45 MI.  
PINE ORCHARD 14 MI.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 31 MI.

520 000  
FEET

39°15'

76°37'30" GLEN BURNIE 6.1 MI. 910 000 FEET

362

363

35'

(RELAY)  
21 NW

Mapped by the Army Map Service  
Edited and published by the Geological Survey



B-2336

B-2336, B-2337

BALTIMORE CRANIO

BALTIMORE, MD

P = ALVIN JANAMILLO, 1998

11 EUTAW AND FAYETTE ST  
FACADES - LOOKING

S-W "

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 1/8



B-2336

B-2336, B-2337

Baltimore (main)

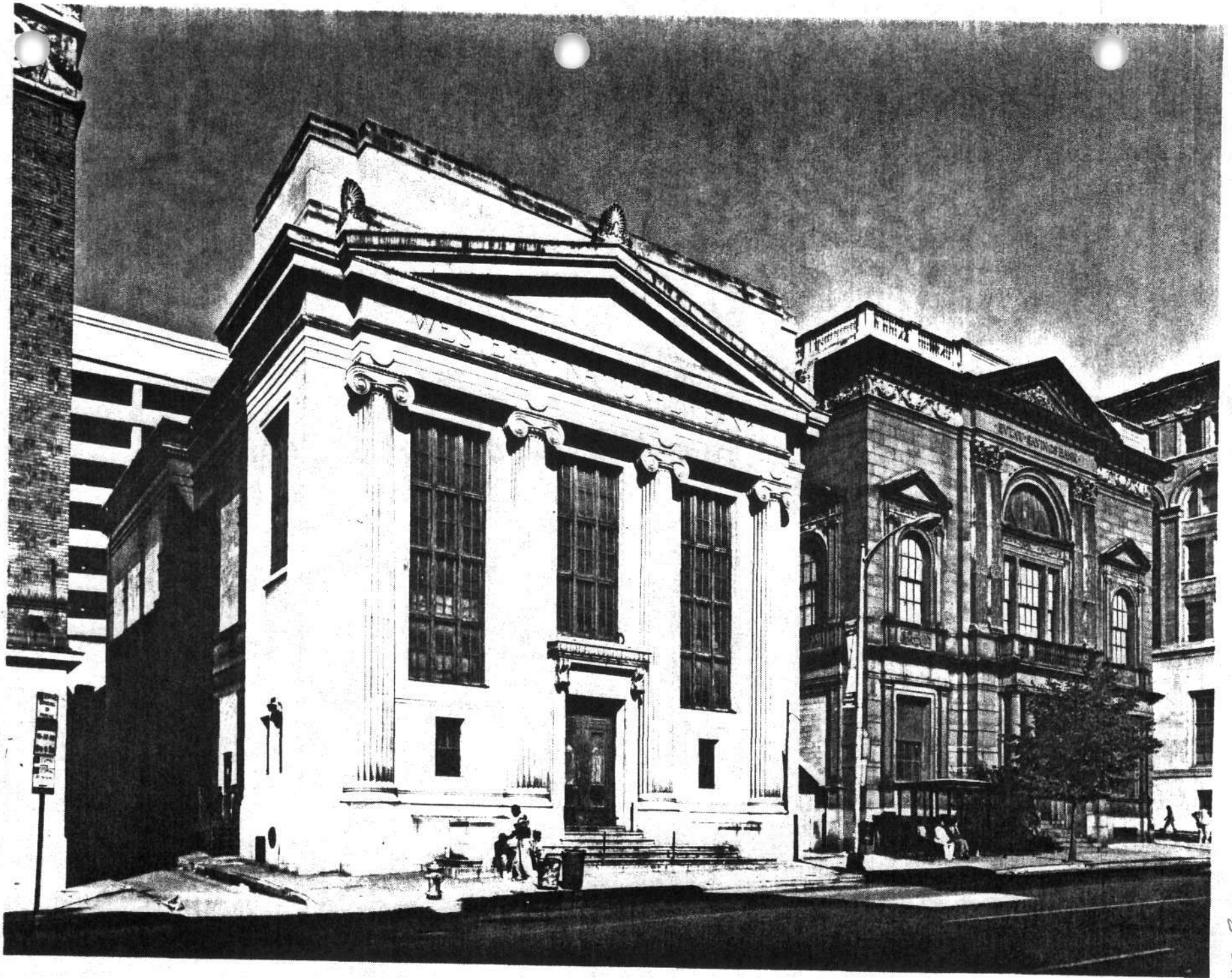
Baltimore, MD

P = MAIN JANAMILIO 1998

"ENTR ST. FACADE  
LOOKING SW."

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 2/8



B-2336

B-2336, B-2337

Baltimore Crain

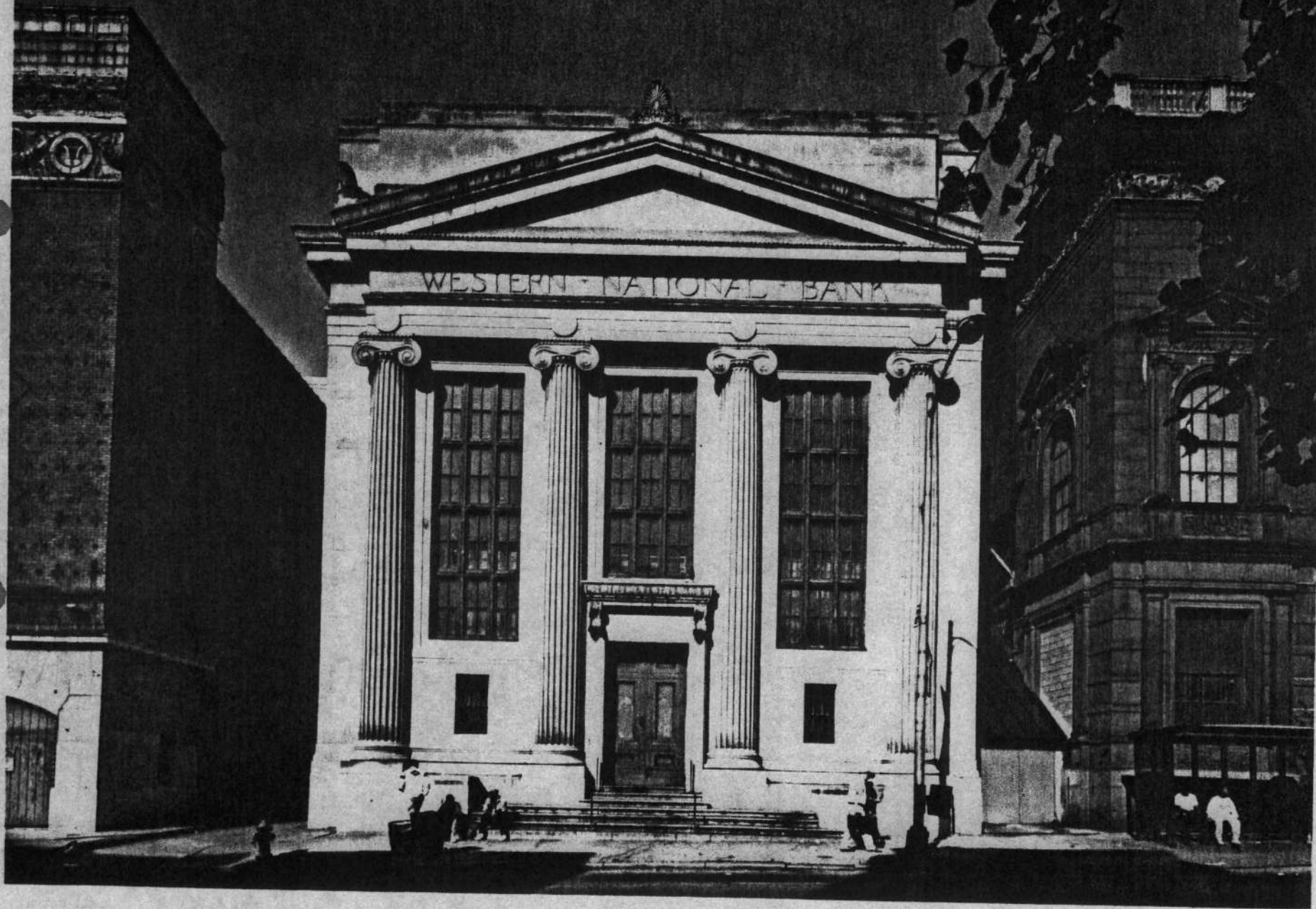
Baltimore, MD

P = ALVIN JARAMILLO 1998

" EASTW ST FACADE LOOKING N.W."

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 3/8



B-2336

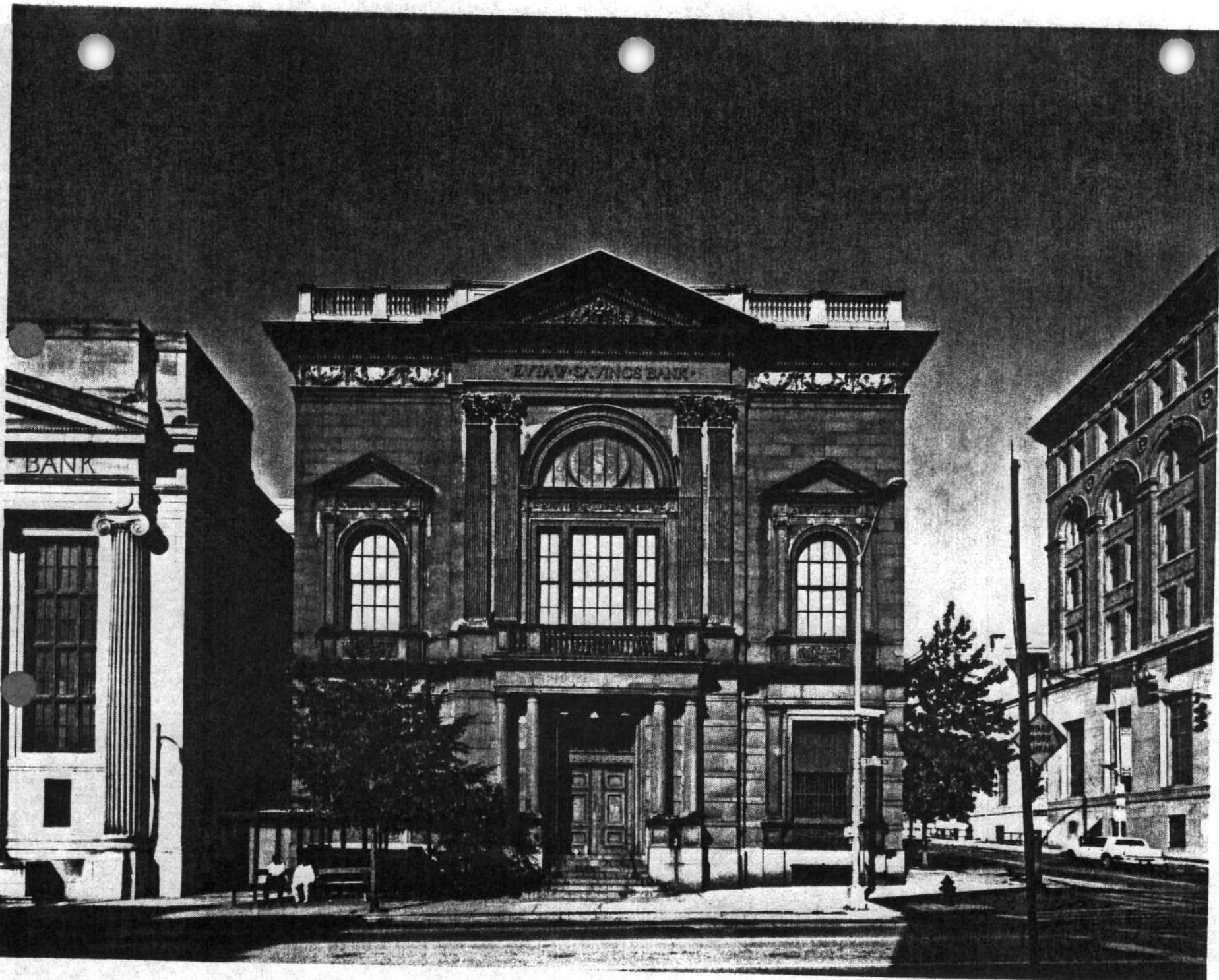
B-2336, B-2337  
Baltimore (CRAN)  
Baltimore, MD.

P= ALVIN JARAMILLO - 1998

" EAST FACADE - FORMER  
FUNDING BANK "  
WESTERN NATIONAL ^

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 4/8



B-2336

B-2336, B-2337

Baltimore (Main)

Baltimore, MD.

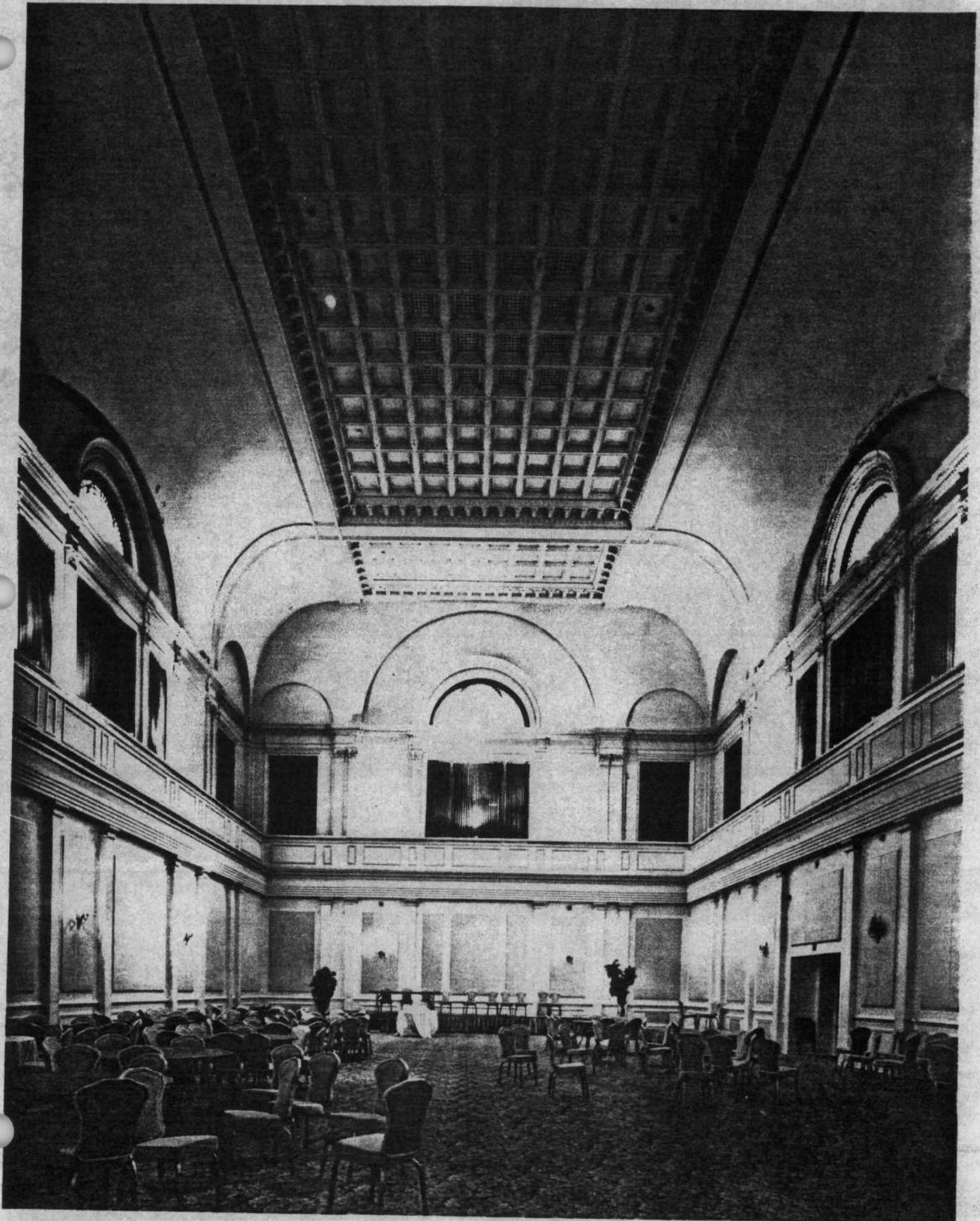
P = ARAIN JANAMILLO - 1998

"EAST FACADE - FORMER  
EUTAW SAVINGS BANK"

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 5/8

B-2336



B-2336, B-2337

THE BALTIMORE GRAND  
BALTIMORE, MD

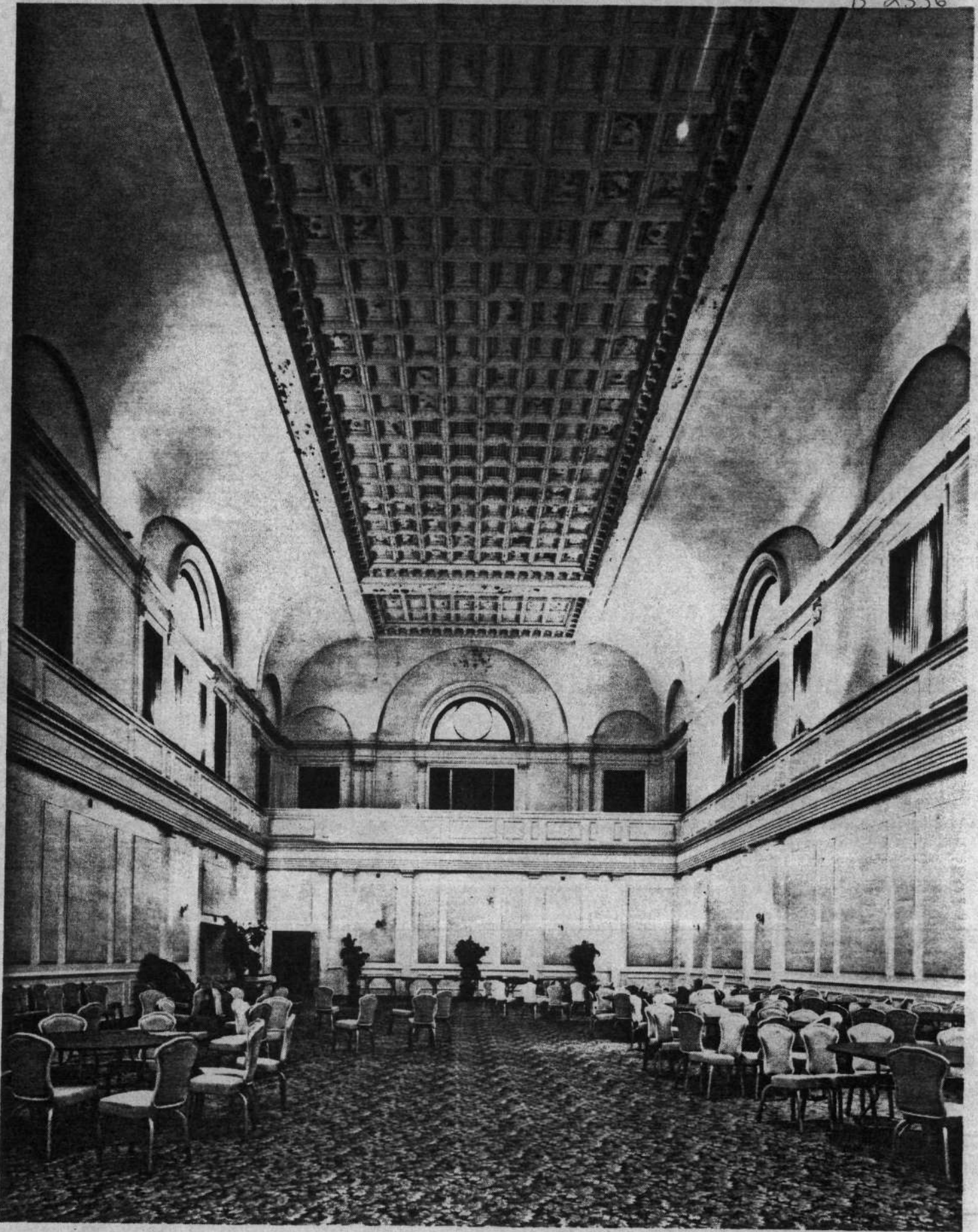
P= ALAIN JANAMILLO, 1998

"INTERIOR OF NORTH BANQUET  
HALL - FORMER EUTAW SAVINGS  
BANK - LOOKING WEST.

NEG AT MD SHPO

#6/8

B-2336



B-2336, B-2337

THE BALTIMORE GRAND

BALTIMORE, MD.

P = AVALIN JARAMILLO, 1998

|| INTERIOR OF NORTH BANQUET  
HALL - FORMER EUTAW SAVINGS  
BANK - LOOKING EAST

NEG AT MD SHPO

# 7/8

B-2336



B 2336, B-2337

THE BALTIMORE GRAND  
BALTIMORE, MD

P = ALAIN JARAMILLO, 1998

" INTERIOR OF DINING ROOM -  
FORMER EXEC OFFICE'S - EUTAW  
SAVINGS BANK "

NEG AT MD SHPO

#8/8



#1

B-2336, B-2337

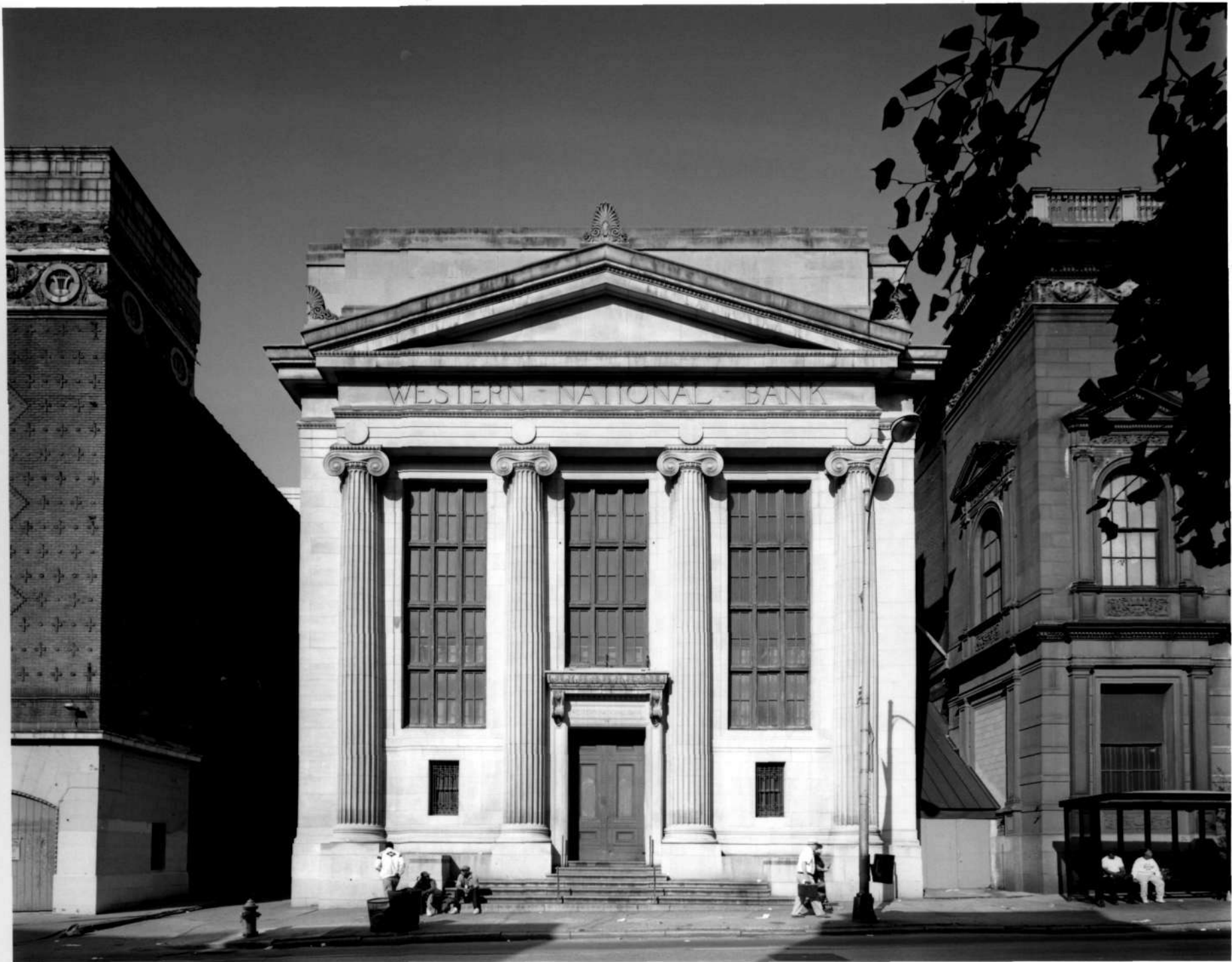
#1

Bartmore Cranin

Bartmore, MA

P = Arain Jaramillo 1998

"  
Kurtin St. facade  
looking SW."



B-2336, B-2337

# 3

Baltimore Grand

Baltimore, MD

P= ALAN JARAMILLO - 1998

"EAST FACADE - FORMER

~~KUTAW SAVINGS BANK~~"

WESTERN NATIONAL



B-2336, B-2337

# 4

BALTIMORE (ORAIN)

BALTIMORE, MD.

P = ALVIN JARAMILLO - 1998

"EAST FACADE - FORMER  
KUTAW SAVINGS BANK"



# 5

B-2336, B-2337

BALTIMORE GRANITE

BALTIMORE, MD.

P = ALAN JARAMILLO, 1998

" EUPHON ST AND FAYETTE ST  
FACADES - LOOKING S-W "



B-2336, B-2337

# 6

THE BALTIMORE GRAND

BALTIMORE, MD

Pc ALAN JARAMILLO 1998

"INTERIOR LOBBY LOOKING WEST"



B-2336, B-2337

#1

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

BAPTIST, MD

P = ALAN JARAMILLO, 1998

"INTERVIEW OF SOUTH BAPTIST  
LAWYER - FORMER WESTERN NAT.  
BANK -

LOOKING EAST"



B-2336, B-2337

# 6

THE BALTIMORE (ORAN)

BALTIMORE, MD

P= ALAIN JARAMILLO, 1998

"INTERVIEW OF SAATCHI BANQUET  
MAN - FORMER WESTERN NAT.  
BANK - LOOKING WEST"



#9

THE BARTMARE CORP

BARTMARE, MD.

P = ALAIN JARAMILLO, 1998

"INTERIOR OF ~~NORTH~~ BANQUET

HALL - FORMER EUTAW SAVINGS

BANK - LOOKING WEST."



B-2336, B-2337

#10

THE BALTIMORE GRAND

BALTIMORE, MD

P = ARMIN JARAMILLO, 1998

"INTERIOR OF NORTH BANQUET  
HALL - FORMER EUTAW SAVINGS  
BANK - LOOKING EAST"



B-2336, B-2337

# 11

THE BARTMERE GRAIN

BARTMERE, MA

P = ALAN JARAMILLO, 1998

" INTERIOR OF DINING ROOM -  
FORMER EXEC OFFICES -  
EUFAN SAVINGS BANK "



B-2336, B-2337

# 13

THE BALTIMORE GRAND  
BALTIMORE, MD.

P= ARMAND JARAMILLO, 1998

" SOUTH FACADE - FORMER WESTERN  
NAT. BANK - LOOKING WEST."

Survey No. B-2336

Magi No. 0423365612

DOE  yes  no

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

## 1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Eutaw Savings Bank

and/or common

## 2. Location

street & number 20 North Eutaw Street  not for publicationcity, town Baltimore  vicinity of congressional district 3rdstate Maryland  county

## 3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	<b>Public Acquisition</b>	<b>Accessible</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

## 4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Maryland National Bank

street &amp; number Property Management Dept. - P.O. Box 987 telephone no.:

city, town Baltimore  state and zip code Maryland 21203

## 5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore City Courthouse  liber RHB 32 33street & number Fayette and Calvert Streets  folio 405city, town Baltimore  state Maryland

## 6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title Baltimore Retail District Survey

date 1980  federal  state  county  local

depository for survey records Commission for Historical and Architectural Preservation

city, town Baltimore  state Maryland

# 7. Description

Survey No. B-2336

<b>Condition</b>		<b>Check one</b>	<b>Check one</b>
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed		date of move _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

**SUMMARY:**

The Eutaw Savings Bank is a one-story brick and brownstone, Renaissance Revival bank building erected in 1887 with an addition in the same style built in 1911, located on the southwest corner of North Eutaw and West Fayette Streets in central Baltimore, Maryland. The principal elevation is on the east and has a palazzo arrangement, with a rusticated base and an apparent piano nobile with a Palladian-inspired central window flanked by smaller pedimented windows. A pediment crowns the central bay and a balustrade circles the roofline. The north elevation has alternating Palladian and pedimented windows above the rusticated basement level. The addition is clearly visible as the brownstone facing is several shades darker than the original. The building was used as a bank until late 1985 when Maryland National Bank, the last occupant moved to another location.

**General Description:**

The one-story bank building has an exterior based on the Italian palazzo, with a two-story arrangement. The exterior first level has a rusticated surface formed by belt courses up to the intermediary cornice which delineates the piano nobile. The center bay of the principal elevation projects slightly, forming a pavilion containing the entrance. It is flanked by pairs of Tuscan columns. A balustrade tops the entablature supported by the columns. In the side bays are rectangular windows flanked by pilasters. The upper sash is opaque and the lower has eight lights.

The piano nobile has a Palladian-inspired central window with a three-part lower section topped by a semi-circular window. The half-circle window is stained glass. The pavillion is flanked by Corinthian pilasters. In the outer bays are aediculae containing round-arched 8/8 windows. The bases of the windows have carved floral panels. The frieze just below the main cornice has carvings of swagged garlands. In the pavilion, the frieze has the name of the original bank "Eutaw Savings Bank" in raised lettering. The pediment and cornice are modillioned and the tympanum of the pediment has floral carving. A copper balustrade tops the roofline.

The original main elevation was altered, probably in 1911 when the addition was built on the west side of the bank. The bank's first facade had double entrances in the side bays which are now windows. The central bay was much simpler, with a three part window and no columns. The location of the balustrade and floral paneled bases of the upper windows was reversed, the central window originally having the paneled base and the side windows the balustrades.

(continue, please)

# 8. Significance

Survey No.

B-2336

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

**Specific dates** 1887; addition 1911 **Builder/Architect** Charles L. Carson-1887; Baldwin and Pennington -1911

check: Applicable Criteria:  A  B  C  D  
and/or

Applicable Exception:  A  B  C  D  E  F  G

Level of Significance:  national  state  local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

**SUMMARY:**

The Eutaw Savings Bank is an excellent example of the Renaissance Revival style. Its enduring appropriateness is enhanced by comparison with two other banks immediately north and south, the Western National Bank (B-2337) and the Drovers and Mechanics National Bank (B-2309). In the early 20th century, all three banks had alterations, but the Eutaw Savings Bank was not only left mostly as built, but the addition was carefully matched to the original design.

**History and Support:**

The Eutaw Savings Bank was founded in the 1850's and built as its first home the present Baltimore Equitable Society Building (B-2351) in 1857, directly across Eutaw Street from the present bank building. When in the mid 1880's, the bank had outgrown its original building, the directors chose a lot across the street and hired Charles L. Carson to design the new building. Carson had also designed the Western National Bank in 1881 in a florid Queen Anne style, just south of the proposed new bank. The Eutaw Bank directors wanted a more formal style to reflect the dignified impression of the original building. Carson's design was therefore more carefully academic in its application of Renaissance elements.

In 1911, Baldwin and Pennington were the architects for an addition to the rear of the bank. Instead of putting on a new facade in the popular Classical Revival style, the architects redesigned the main elevation with a central entrance and turned the original entrances into windows. This change was so unobtrusively handled that it is difficult to realize that it was not built with this arrangement. The addition was equally deferent to Carson's work. The cornice and decoration are as closely matched as possible. The darker brownstone used in the addition is the only hint of the difference in date.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. B-2336

Baltimore Sun, June 17, 1911.  
Dorsey, John and James Dilts, A Guide to Baltimore Architecture. Tidewater Publishers, Centreville, Md. 1981.  
The New Baltimore, 1906.

## 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property \_\_\_\_\_

Quadrangle name Baltimore EastQuadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	B	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Zone	Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting	Northing
C	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	D	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
E	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	F	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
G	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	H	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

### Verbal boundary description and justification

co-terminous with lot approx. 70 ft. by 301 ft.

### List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code

## 11. Form Prepared By

name/title Janet L. Davis, Historical Preservation Analystorganization Comm. for Hist. & Arch. Pres. (CHAP)date April, 1986street & number 606 Tower Suites, 118 N. Howard St.telephone (301) 396-4866city or town Baltimore,state Maryland 21201

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust  
Shaw House  
21 State Circle  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401  
(301) 269-2438

B-2336

Eutaw Savings Bank  
20 North Eutaw Street  
Private

1887; addition 1911

The Eutaw Savings Bank is an excellent example of the Renaissance Revival style. Its enduring appropriateness is enhanced by comparison with two other banks immediately north and south, the Western National Bank (B-2337) and the Drivers and Mechanics National Bank (B-2309). In the early 20th century, all three banks had alterations, but the Eutaw Savings Bank was not only left mostly as built, but the addition was carefully matched to the original design.

The Fayette Street or north elevation has alternating aedicular and Palladian windows on the piano nobile and single rectangular openings alternating with three-part windows on the first level. The 1911 addition is clearly discernible at the point where the brownstone ashlar blocks are interwoven. The newer stone is several shades darker. The addition added two bays containing a Palladian window and a pedimented window, to the west end of the elevation. The original elevation had a western bay containing a bow extending from the street level to a point even with the top of the neighboring Palladian arch. The frieze, cornice, and balustrade of the original building are duplicated in the addition. The west elevation is common bond brick and faces an alley. The hipped roof is visible from the west.

Form on Baltimore Street, west of Fulton Avenue, move as follows: Baltimore to Broadway, to foot of Broadway and around the market by Thames Street, to Broadway, to Baltimore, to Fulton, where it disbands.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18.

2 P. M.—Regatta and powerboat carnival.

Eight-oared shell race.

Four-oared shell race.

Four-oared gig race.

Motorboat races.

Grand procession of decorated powerboats.

8 P. M.—Industrial and Carnival parade—Hundreds of handsome floats and exhibits by the big business houses of Baltimore.

Hosts of happy carnival spirits led by Edward XXIII Hirsch, as King of the Carnival.

Form at Baltimore Street and Broadway. Parade will move west on Baltimore, to Holliday, to Lexington, to North, to Baltimore, to Eutaw, to Madison, to Lafayette, to Fulton, to Lexington, to Calhoun, where it will disband.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19.

Excursions by rail and water to Annapolis, where special exercises will be held at historic points, and where the visitors will inspect the United States Naval Academy's magnificent new buildings.

Presentation of the old flags of the War of 1812 to the State by General Peter Leary.

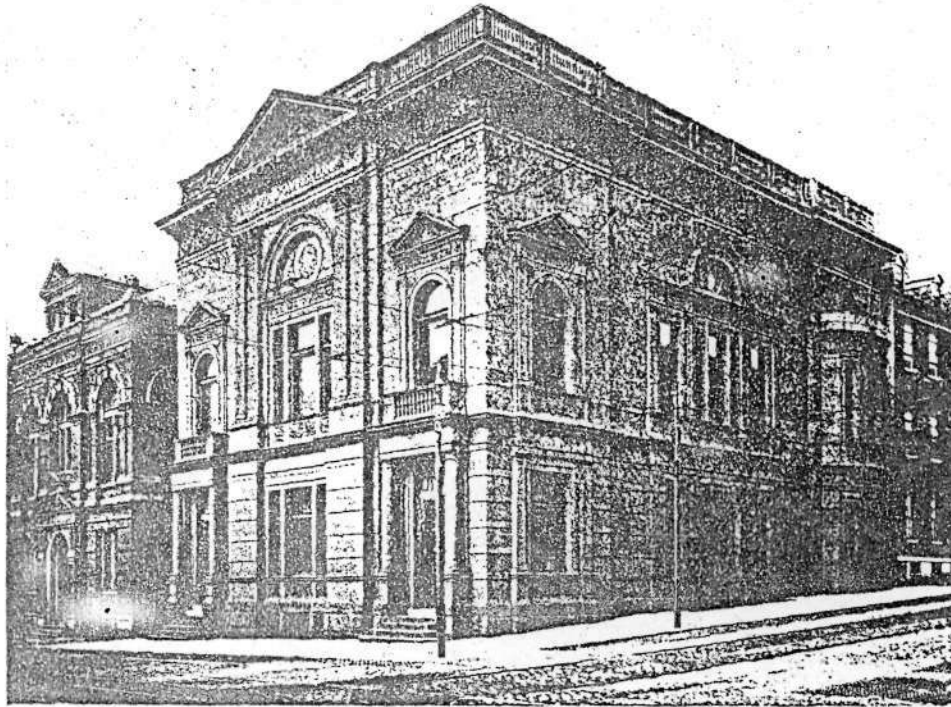
Address by Mr. James Edward Carr, of the Historians' Society of the War of 1812 in Maryland.

Acceptance on behalf of the State By Governor Edwin Warfield.

The two flags which are to be given the State are the old Harlem Heights battle flag and the Old Defenders' flag, used at the Battle of North Point.

Football game at Naval Academy immediately after the completion of the above program.

8 P. M.—Indoor athletic meet at the Fifth Regiment Armory.

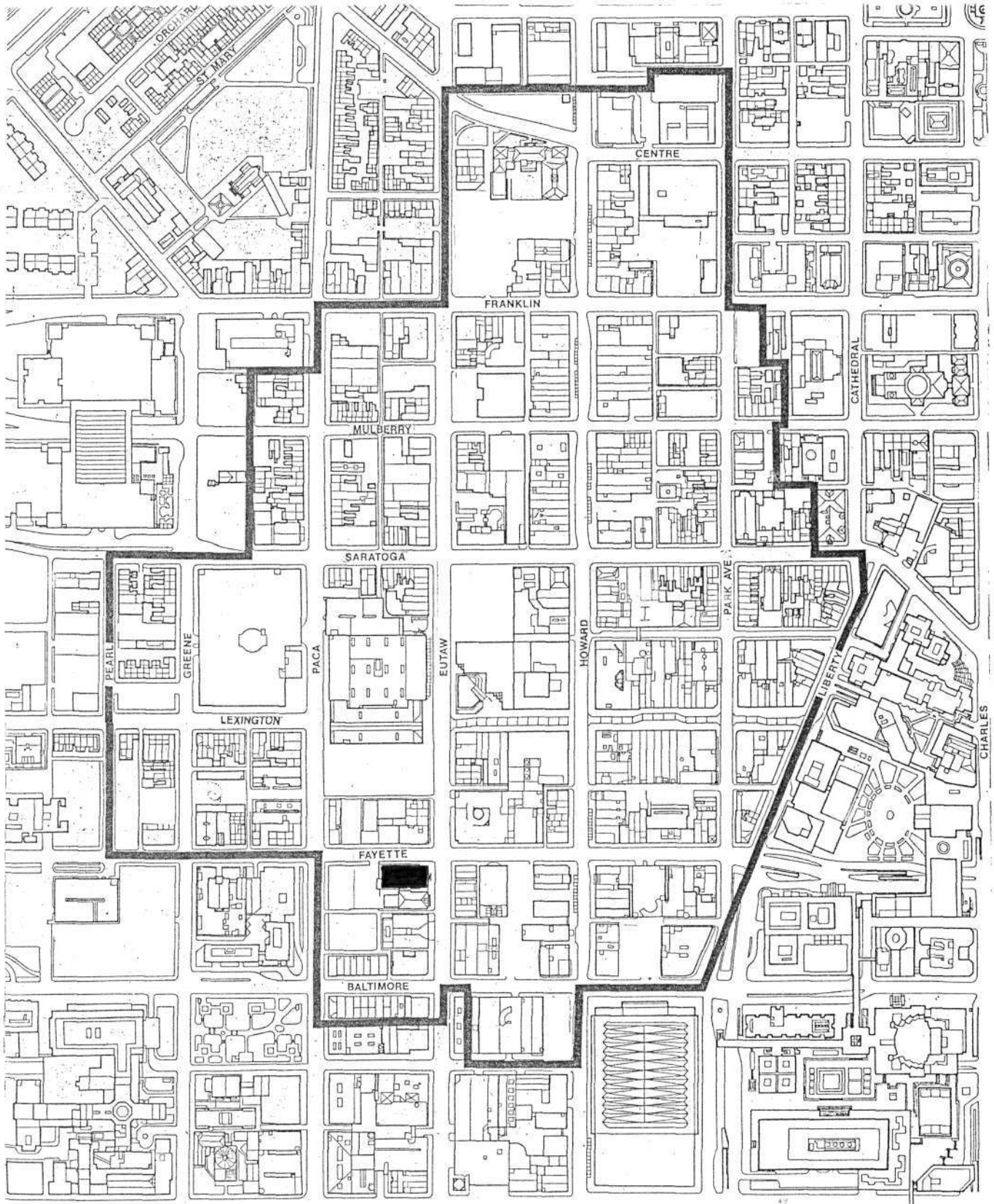


EUTAW SAVINGS BANK OF BALTIMORE, S. W. Cor. Eutaw and Fayette Streets.

B-2336



The New Baltimore - 1906 ?



Baltimore Metrocenter Survey  
Market Center  
Eutaw Savings Bank  
20 North Eutaw Street  
B-2336





Eutaw Savings Bank B-2336

20 North Eutaw Street

Market Center - Metrocenter Survey

Baltimore (City), Maryland

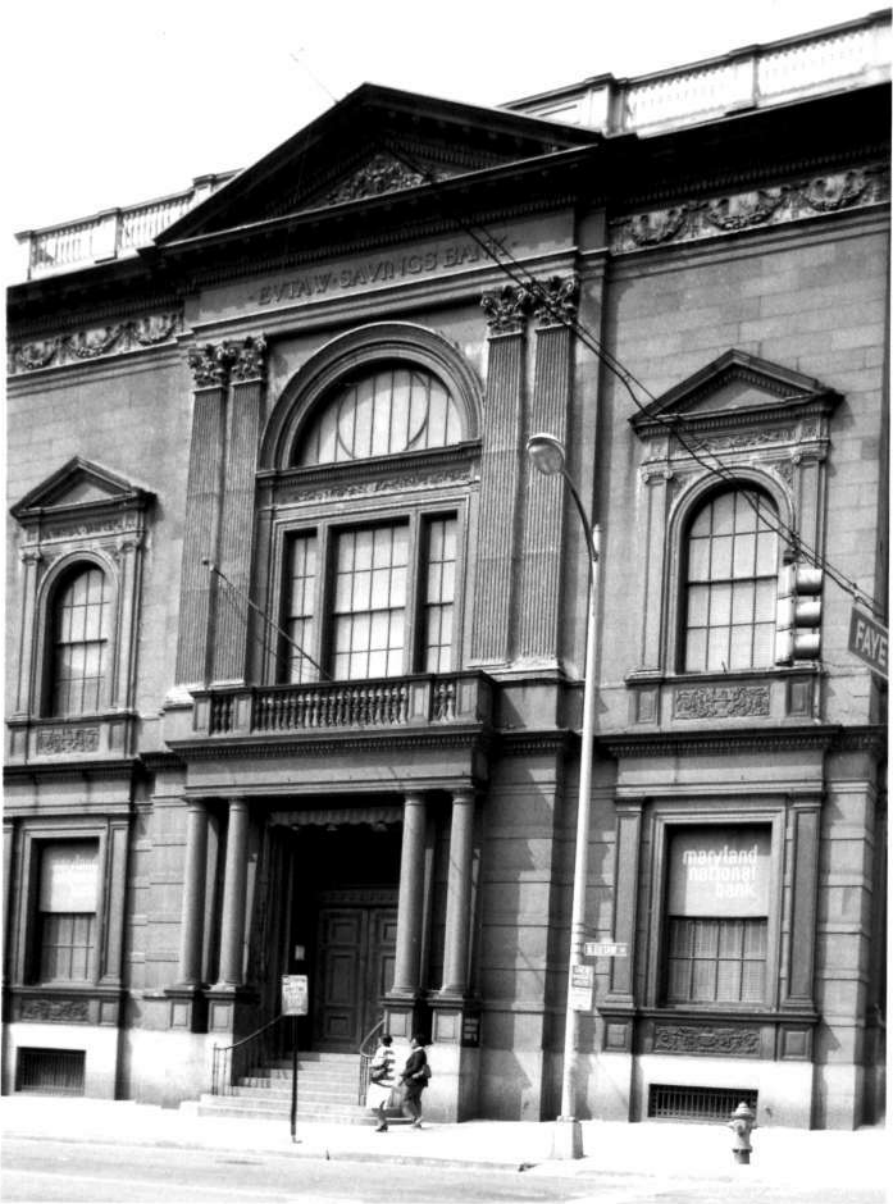
Photo: Janet Davis

March 1986

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Northeast corner view

1/4



Eutaw Savings Bank                      B-2336  
20 North Eutaw Street  
Market Center - Metrocenter Survey  
Baltimore (City), Maryland  
Photo: Janet Davis  
March 1986  
Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust  
Detail, east elevation  
2/4

*The Baltimore Grand*



Eutaw Savings Bank                      B-2336  
20 North Eutaw Street  
Market center - Metrocenter Survey  
Baltimore (City), Maryland

Photo: Caroline Hardy

April 1986

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust  
Detail, window base panel, east elev.

3/4



Eutaw Savings Bank B-2336  
20 North Eutaw Street  
Market Center - Metrocenter Survey  
Baltimore (City), Maryland  
Photo: Caroline Hardy

April 1986

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust  
Detail, window base, east elev.

4/4

Blk 631  
26

B-2336

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET MAG#0423365612

NOMINATION FORM  
for the  
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

**1. NAME**

COMMON: Maryland National Bank

AND/OR HISTORIC: Eutaw Savings Bank

**2. LOCATION**

STREET AND NUMBER: 20-N. Eutaw Street

CITY OR TOWN: Baltimore

STATE: Maryland COUNTY:

**3. CLASSIFICATION**

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No

PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	<input type="checkbox"/> Government	<input type="checkbox"/> Park	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Educational	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input type="checkbox"/> Religious		
<input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Scientific		

**4. OWNER OF PROPERTY**

OWNER'S NAME:

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE:

**5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Records Office Room 601

STREET AND NUMBER: Baltimore City Courthouse

CITY OR TOWN: Baltimore STATE: Maryland 21202

Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #):

**6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS**

TITLE OF SURVEY: City of Baltimore Neighborhood Survey

DATE OF SURVEY: 1976  Federal  State  County  Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY: COMMISSION FOR HISTORICAL & ARCHITECTURAL PRESERVATION

STREET AND NUMBER: Room 900

CITY OR TOWN: 26 South Calvert St. STATE: Baltimore, Md. 21202

7. DESCRIPTION	
CONDITION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Good <input type="checkbox"/> Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated <input type="checkbox"/> Ruins <input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed <div style="text-align: right;">(Check One)</div>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Altered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Uncolored <input type="checkbox"/> Moved <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site <div style="text-align: center;">(Check One)</div>
DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE	
<p>This Renaissance styled Banking building is executed in brownstone and boasts a wealth of carved detail. The high banking room is masked behind a two story facade.</p> <p>A flight of fanned stone steps with original brass rails <sup>LEADS</sup> to a revolving door. Double sets of columns with corinthian capitals support an entablature with a shallow balustraded balcony above. A rusticated stone base projects to support the columns and the pilasters which frame the double hung windows with 8/8 lights on either side of the entrance. They have simple flat stone surrounds and rest above panels carved with leaves and urns. A band of dentils and egg and dart molding runs across the facade above the windows.</p> <p>At the second level, the central bay above the entrance projects slightly from the sides. Double fluted pilasters support a round arched stained glass transom above a tripartite window with double hung windows of 4/4, 8/8, and 4/4 lights from side to side. Windows of the flanking bays are round arched, framed between pilasters which support pedimental hoods. Windows are double hung with 8/8 lights, and rest above carved stone panels. The broken frieze is defined by a band of molding and is adorned with swags. Below the pediment atop the central bay "Eutaw Savings Bank" is carved. The pediment is set before a metal balustrade, and is carved with modillions, egg and dart molding, dentils, vines and mythological figures in relief.</p> <p>The five bay deep Fayette Street side of the building is identical to the front in detail, which is extraordinary in the light of the fact that the rear (the 3 back bays) were added 24 years after the front had gone up. The stone of the rear is somewhat darker. Two Palladian windows with stained glass semicircular heads are set between the three pediment hooded windows.</p>	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1964  
 O-348-749

**8. SIGNIFICANCE**

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian	<input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century	

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) **1887-1911**

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> Education	<input type="checkbox"/> Political	<input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<input type="checkbox"/> Historic	<input type="checkbox"/> Industry	<input type="checkbox"/> Science	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Invention	<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture	_____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Art	<input type="checkbox"/> Literature	<input type="checkbox"/> Theater	_____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications	<input type="checkbox"/> Music		
<input type="checkbox"/> Conservation			

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This magnificent brownstone banking building with exceptional interior was executed in a Renaissance mode. It was the home office of Eutaw Savings Bank after their removal from their original office directly across Eutaw Street (now the equitable Society of Baltimore, built 1857), which undoubtedly served as inspiration for the later building. The additions of 1911 duplicate the details of the 1887 portion of the building with painstaking accuracy.

HISTORICAL & PRESERVATION

22 FAYETTE STREET  
 BALTIMORE, MD 21201

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

**9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES**

**10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
NE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:

Acreage Justification:

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

**11. FORM PREPARED BY**

NAME AND TITLE: Planning Assistants		DATE 1976
ORGANIZATION	COMMISSION FOR HISTORICAL & ARCHITECTURAL PRESERVATION	
STREET AND NUMBER: Room 900		
CITY OR TOWN:	26 South Calvert St. Baltimore, Md. 21202	STATE

**12. State Liaison Officer Review: (Office Use Only)**

Significance of this property is:

National  State  Local

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature



20 N. Entans Ft.

B. 2336

Neg #  
B. Pensch  
2/76

Block  
637