

K-230

Friendship (Quaker Estate)

Architectural Survey File

This is the architectural survey file for this MIHP record. The survey file is organized reverse-chronological (that is, with the latest material on top). It contains all MIHP inventory forms, National Register nomination forms, determinations of eligibility (DOE) forms, and accompanying documentation such as photographs and maps.

Users should be aware that additional undigitized material about this property may be found in on-site architectural reports, copies of HABS/HAER or other documentation, drawings, and the “vertical files” at the MHT Library in Crownsville. The vertical files may include newspaper clippings, field notes, draft versions of forms and architectural reports, photographs, maps, and drawings. Researchers who need a thorough understanding of this property should plan to visit the MHT Library as part of their research project; look at the MHT web site (mht.maryland.gov) for details about how to make an appointment.

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Last Updated: 05-14-2004

K-230

Friendship
Lynch
1783

When Friendship was in the process of restoration by its present owners, it became quite evident how the house developed over the years and that it was probably planned accordingly from the beginning. In 1783 the western half of the house was constructed and consisted of a one bay kitchen section two stories tall and a one bay living room section also two stories, but taller. Both had chimneys in their west gables. The south facade was laid in Flemish bond with water table and no belt course. Inside, both rooms had exposed beaded ceiling joists and enclosed stairs. The kitchen stair was in the southwest corner and the living room stair was in the southeast corner.

According to tradition, the house was built by George Lamb, but on the 1783 Tax Assessment Daniel Lamb was listed as having an unfinished house located on part of Warner's Addition. The fact that the house belonged to Daniel is corroborated in a history of the Lamb family by James G. Lamb.¹

A brick dated 1783 was found during the restoration and subsequently incorporated into the cheek of the reconstructed kitchen fireplace. A second brick dated 1792, still located in the east gable, indicates when the two eastern most bays were constructed. This addition is the same form as the taller part of the 1783 structure and it would appear that an effort was made to match the earlier section stylistically, as the south facade is also laid in Flemish bond and the joists are also exposed and beaded. Its

plan includes a stair hall separated from the east parlor by a beaded board partition. The new addition created a plan that was to become the most popular for Kent County farmhouses.

Whether the living room stair was removed in 1792 has not been determined, but it was certainly gone when the house received its first major embellishments in the late 1830's or 1840's. At this period all of the windows and doors were retrimmed, the ceilings and board walls were plastered and three dormers were installed on each side of the moderately pitched 'A' roof. At that time a porch was also added to the north entry.

Family tradition also states that Friendship was owned by Sarah Lamb Bowers Parrott and later by James Lamb Bowers. If so, that would have been prior to 1860 when Josiah Massey appears to be owner.² William Hepborn acquired the farm thereafter and owned it for several years. In the 1877 Atlas, J. T. Willis' name appears on the farm, but in 1884 Robert Rouse purchased the farm from Willis. A plat of Robert Rouse's land appears in a chancery case after his death.³

In the late 1950's, the house was remodeled by removal of the old kitchen fireplace and installation of a modern kitchen. An enclosed porch was built on the south side of the kitchen and a bath was installed on the second story. The dormers were also removed at this time.

In the 1980's the house was totally gutted and restored to its conjectural appearance of the 1790's. The fireplace was reconstructed in the kitchen section, plaster was removed from the ceiling joists and board partitions and windows were replaced. A new kitchen wing was added south

of the old kitchen and a porch was added across part of the south facade.

The details of Friendship and Salutation Farm are very similar. Both houses were built by Quakers.

1. Courtesy of Francis Lamb.
2. Martinet Map 1860.
3. Chancery, Lib. SB 4, fol. 182, 184.

K-230
Quaker Estate, Friendship
Lynch
Private

18th Century

This building is an ancestral home of the Lamb family, also the builders of Lamb's Meadow (K-113), and was known for many years as "Friendship." Originally, Friendship was a tiny two bay building with one bay kitchen. The remaining three bays and stair are an early addition with a Flemish bond facade (the present rear) and watertable.

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Friendship

AND/OR COMMON

Quaker Estates 1696

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Rt. 298, West of Lynch

CITY, TOWN

Lynch

___ VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

First

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Kent

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

___DISTRICT

BUILDING(S)

___STRUCTURE

___SITE

___OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

___PUBLIC

PRIVATE

___BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

___IN PROCESS

___BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

OCCUPIED

___UNOCCUPIED

___WORK IN PROGRESS

ACCESSIBLE

___YES: RESTRICTED

___YES: UNRESTRICTED

NO

PRESENT USE

___AGRICULTURE

___COMMERCIAL

___EDUCATIONAL

___ENTERTAINMENT

___GOVERNMENT

___INDUSTRIAL

___MILITARY

___MUSEUM

___PARK

PRIVATE RESIDENCE

___RELIGIOUS

___SCIENTIFIC

___TRANSPORTATION

___OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

R. Wroth Stavley

Telephone #:(301) 778-4783

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Lynch

___ VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

Maryland

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,

REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Kent County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

Liber #: WAG 5

RAS 39

Folio #: 356

476

CITY, TOWN

Chestertown

STATE

Maryland 21620

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

___FEDERAL ___STATE ___COUNTY ___LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE		CHECK ONE	
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED	DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input type="checkbox"/> ALTERED			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED				

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Quaker Estate is a small five bay brick house with a one bay wing which stands on the east side of Maryland Route 298 south of the small town of Lynch. It stands on a grassy lawn surrounded by fields and woods. There are no remaining outbuildings or barns of historic importance.

The building was originally quite small with a two bay, two story, plus attic main house and lower one bay, two story and attic kitchen wing. Both were the same depth with one room per floor. Main house and wing have continuous brick walls with Flemish bond used on the east facade, the original front of the building, and Liverpool bond used elsewhere. There was a stone basement under the main house and a stone foundation under the wing. An old stone arch under the fireplace and chimney located in the gable between the main house and wing indicate that this is its original position. There is also a wide fireplace and chimney in the kitchen wing gable. The floor plan of the main house cannot be proven without further investigation; no visible signs give the position of the original front door or stair. A ladder stair remains beside the now closed kitchen fireplace. Very possibly the quarters above the kitchen were for servants and closed off from the main house. The supra-attic, lit by two small windows in the gable may have had some original use.

The three northern bays were probably added early in the 19th century and certainly before 1845. The now central bay contained central entrances, front and rear, and a stair. Brick was bonded to match the original with Flemish bond and water table on the front east facade and Liverpool bond elsewhere. Three gable dormers (removed in the 1950's) were built above the window bays in both roof slopes. An old photograph shows 6/6 sash in each window, louvered shutters on main house windows but not on the kitchen wing. There was also a one bay entrance porch on the west door; it had a shallow gable roof and coved ceiling and slender posts. There was a simple frame shed off the kitchen gable that was reached by a door in the gable near the southwest corner.

At present the house retains its 6/6 sash windows except in the kitchen east wall, which has modern casements. Small windows in the north gable provide the only light to the main house attic. Two small windows with 4-litesash are also used in the second floor of the kitchen;

Sash windows light the supra-attic. All chimney caps were removed in the 1950 renovation. Also the box cornice and verge boards which finish the gable roof (now covered with asphalt shingles) were renewed. The house is now painted white.

Inside nothing remains of the earliest period of the house except beaded beams in the kitchen ceiling. The position of the fireplace and ladder stair is also evident. Much interior trim, appearing to date much later, remains in the later three bays. This is narrow and flat with two simple grooves in the head and stiles of the trim and plain rectangular corner blocks. The groove detailing is also

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

8 SIGNIFICANCE

K-230

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES _____ BUILDER/ARCHITECT George Lamb

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The history of Quaker Estate begins with Francis Lamb (1689-1774), son of Pearce Lamb, who moved to Kent County (then Cecil Co.) in 1658. In 1756, Francis transferred 150 acres called "Friendship" to his son, George (1734-1815), for five shillings silver. That same year George Lamb married Sarah George at St. Paul's Church, an act that caused a great stir in the Quaker Meeting of which the Lamb family were members. It was on Friendship that George built his home, no doubt the earliest portion of the present structure.

The next owner of Friendship was George's son, Daniel Lamb, (1779 b) who purchased the 100 acres for 1,000 pounds on April 12, 1808. The tract may have been owned by Isaac Lamb, Daniel's brother, from 1812-1816 and again by Daniel after 1816. By the 1840's the house was owned by Mrs. James L. Bowers, a relative of the Lamb family and looked, according to a later owner William Hepborn, very much as it does now. Mr. Hepborn purchased the property in 1863. Later in the 19th century a railroad track cut the original property in half and other lands to the west and southwest sides of the farm were added. In a letter dated 12/17/1923, Mr. Hepborn (then 84) stated that most of the houses of the village of Lynch came from Dan'l Lamb's farm. (Excerpts from a manuscript, "What is known about the direct line of the Lamb family from Pearce Lamb to John Emerson Lamb and his descendants to the present year - - 1926" by James G. Lamb.)

Quaker Estate house is significant because it is connected with one of Kent County's early families. It also represents the kind of house constructed by modest-living Quakers of the 18th and early 19th centuries.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Lamb, James G., "What is known about the direct line of the Lamb family from Pearch Lamb to John Emerson Lamb and his descendants to the present year -- 1962."

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE COUNTY

STATE COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE
Marsha L. Fritz, Consultant

ORGANIZATION
Kent County Historical Society

DATE
August, 1977

STREET & NUMBER
Church Alley

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN
Chestertown

STATE
Maryland 21620


The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

7 Continued

seen on the parlor mantle and one small mantle in a second floor bedroom. All wainscoting, chair rail and cornice are modern.

The stair has a closed string with plain rectangular balusters. The newel and intermediates are round with square base and top; the hand rail shaped thus  is connected with pegs to the string and vertical pieces. The dog leg stair goes from first to second floor with an enclosed ladder stair leading to the attic.

Mr. William Hepborn of Lynch writes that the house was in its present form in 1846 or 49 when he passed it daily on his way to school.

1. STATE <i>Maryland</i> COUNTY <i>Kent</i> TOWN <i>Lynch</i> VICINITY STREET NO. <i>Rt 298, .2 mile west of</i> <i>Rt 561 (south side of Rd)</i> ORIGINAL OWNER ORIGINAL USE <i>dwelling</i> PRESENT OWNER <i>James W.S. Meikle</i> PRESENT USE <i>dwelling</i> WALL CONSTRUCTION <i>brick</i> NO. OF STORIES <i>2</i>	HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY INVENTORY <i>K-230</i>
	2. NAME <i>Quaker Estate</i> DATE OR PERIOD STYLE ARCHITECT BUILDER
	3. FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS USE

4. NOTABLE FEATURES, HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND DESCRIPTION OPEN TO PUBLIC *No*

Quaker Estate is a two story brick house (painted white)

which derives its name from the nearby Quaker burying ground of the former Cecil Meeting House.

It is three bays long with a lower two story wing of two bays in length. Both sections have an "A" roof - the west gable has several irregularly placed small windows.

It is said that the building was constructed in the 17th century, however from its brickwork, etc., it appears to be 19th century in day (at least the main portion thereof).

5. PHYSICAL CONDITION OF STRUCTURE Endangered *No* Interior Exterior *good*

6. LOCATION MAP (Plan Optional)	7. PHOTOGRAPH
8. PUBLISHED SOURCES (Author, Title, Pages) INTERVIEWS, RECORDS, PHOTOS, ETC.	9. NAME, ADDRESS AND TITLE OF RECORDER <i>Michael Bourne</i> DATE OF RECORD <i>5/70</i>

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AND PHOTOGRAPHS MAY BE ADDED ON SHEET OF SAME SIZE

Quaker Estate - K-230

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MAB 5/70



K-230

Quaker Estates - "Friendship"

Rt 298 - Lynch MHT - B230

Facing West - Front

C. W. Thompson

Aug 1977